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Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVI.—NO. 1. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY, MARCH 17, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,692

...Valley Railway Co. ... THE ... IN ... Read THE MORNING STAR.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Will You Let this Pass By?

Bleached Table Linen, round thread, 68 inches, at 68c, marked down from One Dollar a yard.

Bleached Table, 64 inches wide, sold for 75c, marked down to 53c a yard.

68 inch wide Bleached Table Linen round thread, is well worth $1.50 a yard, to be sold at $1.08.

70 inch wide, round Thread Table Linen, would be good value at $1.25 a yard, to be sold at 93c a yard.

70 inch wide Bleached Table Linen, real value $1.50, now $1 08 a yard.

70 inch wide Bleached Table Linen at 93c a yard, real value 1.25 a yard.

Unbleached Table Linen 62 inch wide to be sold at 73c, would be good value at One Dollar.

52 inches wide unbleached Table Linen at 25c a yard, real value 40c.

56 inch wide Real Plaid Table Cloth, to be sold at 39c yard, regular price 50c.

C. E. Gordon's,

N. E. Cor. Market and Front sts.

Mail orders promptly filled.

mar 9 tf

AND THEY STILL KEEP AT IT.

Doing more business than they ever did before. Say, Jim, do you know what makes it? No, I do not know! Everybody says the times are harder than they ever saw them. Well, Jim, I will tell you what I think keeps their store cowded all the time. Well I wish you would tell me; other merchants can do it. Well it is simply this, they do business on the one price system and they buy their goods with the hard cash and get them so cheap they can make prices that other merchants can't reach. Say, Jim, do you know one of the firm has been in New York nearly one month buying the bigest bargains you ever saw. He has learned all the holes and corners where there is bargains to be found. He struck an auction where they were selling a lot of goods that insurance companies were having sold and stepped in and bought. A big lot of fine Kid Gloves that the merchants sold for $1.00, now they will sell them to you for 33c for ladies and 29c for men. A lot of remnants in black Satteen at 3 and 5c per yard. A fine line of Silk Scarfs for Gentlemen for 10c each. A fine line of Boys' and Girl's Tamashanta Caps for 25c. worth elsewhere $1.00. One thousand five hundred Women's French Felt Hats at 10c each. Four hundred snow white French Felt Hats for 25c. A whole stock of Ribbons for fully half price for 3c per yard. Forty rolls of the best seamless Matting at 10c per yard. A fine line of Window Shades at 20c. 25 and 35c. these Shades are extra cheap. Well it would do you good to look over their Dress Goods and see what nice selections they have. All grades of light weight and colored in Spring Goods. All the Crincle Crepes. Fine Satteens, all colors, from 8⅓ to 20c. Fine Ginghams from 4 to 9c. A lovely line of Silks for Ladies from 29 to 40c. They have everything you want in Dress Goods, from the cheapest to the best. I tell you, Jim, that is why they are doing such fine cash business. They carry what the people want and prices that the people can buy at. Well if that is the case we will do our trading with them altogether in the future. Say, Sally, where did you say that place was at. Why it is on Front street, opposite the Market House.

BRADDY & GAYLORD, Prop., of Wilmington's Big Racket Store.

mar 17 tf

The Southern Stock Mutual Insurance Co.,

— OF —

Greensboro, N. C.

Offers Cheaper Fire Insurance,

By making every policy-holder a sharer in the profits of the Company. All profits except a reserve of ten per cent. are returned to the policy-holders.

Capital, $100,000.00.

Subscribed by twenty capitalists, whose names represent over FIVE MILLIONS OF DOLLARS.

Policy-Holders are Non-Assessable.

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L. Banks Holt,	Bennehan Cameron
A. F. Page,	Thos. H Holt,
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OFFICERS.

J. M. Worth, President.
E. P. Wharton, Vice-President.
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When your policy expires see that it is renewed in the Southern Stock Mutual Insurance Company.

STEDMAN & WORTH, Agents, Wilmington, N. C.

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OUTLINES

From New Orleans—the situation still unchanged; the militia yet on duty —— President Cleveland returned to Washington yesterday with a good supply of game. ——Seven years at hard labor—Teller Hamner, who robbed the National Bank at Lynchburg, Va., sent to prison. ——An insect pest which has caused much damage to orchards. —— Rev. Dr. John Broadus—death of the eminent Baptist theologian at Louisville, Ky. ——Rev. Dr. Blackburn to take charge of the "Church of the Strangers," in New York. —— Movements of United States war vessels. —— Sensational divorce suit at Louisville. Ky. —— Chicago grain and provision market. —— Cotton spots and futures. —— Late foreign news—statements in regard to the Armenian massacre; Great Britain's postal telegraph; newspaper offices in Madrid raided by army officers. —— Seaboard Air Line—silver service presented ex-Vice-President Winder by officers and employes. —— A young lady killed by falling from a bridge. —— Tom Watson nominated for Congress in the Tenth Georgia District. ——The "Woodmen of the World" in session at Omaha.

Mr. Gerry's whipping post bill which had passed the New York Senate, was defeated in the House by a vote of 58 against, to 53 for it.

The dead-lock for Senator still continues in the Delaware Legislature, where Addicks still holds his sticking six and grins at the other fellows.

The Kansas suffrage law does not require the woman who registers to give her exact age. All it requires is that she be 21. This lets her down easy.

It is said that Harriet Beecher Stowe can't bear to have any one mention in her presence "Uncle Tom's Cabin." Perhaps the old lady is suffering from remorse of conscience.

Austin Corbin was buying so much land in New Hampshire for his park, that the solons feared he might by the whole State and passed a law restricting his right of purchase, for that purpose, to 1,000 acres.

A good many of the farmers of Montgomery county, Kan., were compelled the past Winter to eat their horses to escape starving, and they are now breaking in their cows to do the plowing for the next Spring crop.

A Brooklyn inventor has contrived a device for checking the speed of trolley cars, something on the principle of the "governor" on steam engines, which when the cars travel too rapidly automatically cuts off the current.

In a divorce case recently in Newark, N. J., the court was puzzled as to which of the parents should have the custody of the child and as the judge couldn't divide it he compromised by letting each of the parents have the child six months in turn.

It is proposed in South Carolina to make the dispensaries more seductive to the bibulous denizen by enlarging their scope and furnishing mixed as well as straight red-eye, sugared up to taste. The advocates of this think it will be a taking idea and be eagerly swallowed.

A Pennsylvania Judge recently sentenced a chicken thief to ten years in the penitentiary for stealing ten dollars worth of chickens, and two bank men who looted a bank out of $112,000 to one year. When the chicken thief saw that he wept because he had not robbed a bank.

Myron D. King, the Governor of Indiana's private secretary, who was so roughly treated by that mob of Republican Legislators, is not yet out of danger, but some of the solons are in trouble, for about twenty-five of them have been arrested, and others have escaped arrest so far by packing their gripsacks and scooting out of town.

An aluminum manufactory in Pittsburg is shipping a good deal of that metal to Europe to be used in the construction of torpedo boats, and for other naval purposes. The manager would not state the amounts contracted for nor the Governments with which the contracts were made, but says the amount so called for is large. The use of this wonderful metal is still in its infancy, for discoveries are constantly being made that widen the range of its practical use.

The city of St. Johns, Newfoundland, is in a bad way, when investigation shows that one-half the population, or fifteen thousand people, are are dependent upon charity for the they eat, and of these many had not tasted food for forty-eight hours previous to the arrival of a ship load of contributions from Boston a few days ago. Many of these sufferers were dot only in comfortable circumstances a few years, but some of them were wealthy, but were wrecked in the financial disasters which have come upon Newfoundland within the past few years.

Everybody that has tried the "Oriole" brand roasted coffee pronounce it the best for the money. †

Harry Haywood, who was tried at Minneapolis for the murder of Catharine Ging, bet $10 that he would be acquitted, but was convicted and lost his money.

They do not murder girl babies in China now as much as they once did. The price of wives has advanced from $5 to $50 in the past twenty-five years.

It cost the city of Brooklyn $75,000 to pay the extra police employed during the recent trolley strike.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. L. Gore—Oats.
T. J. Gore—A card.
W. N. Harriss—A card.
A. Shrier—Selling out.
D. D. Cameron—A card.
S. H. Fishblate—A card.
W. C. VonGlahn—A card.
Racket Store—Keep at it.
Jas. D. Nutt—Soap luxury.
Meeting—Carolina Yacht Club.
J. A. Springer—Coal by steamer.
Southern Stock Mutual Ins. Co.
A. D. Brown—Colored dress goods.
Katz & Polvogt—Spring opening.
J. H. Rehder & Co.—Retail dealers.
C. E. Gordon—Will you let this pass?
W. B. Cooper—Syrup and molasses.
Masonic—Meeting Concord Chapter.
G. R. French & Son—The lady's foot
J. L. Boatwright Co.—Goods in season
J. Hicks Bunting—Buttermilk soap.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

Wanted—Female help.
M. Reinfield—Looking-glasses.
P. H. Hayden—Buggies, harness.
Neill McKinnon—Smok'g tobacco.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— The Carolina Yacht Club will hold its annual meeting Monday night at the City Hall.

— There were three interments in Oakdale and two in Bellevue cemetery the past week.

— John Carroll, drunk and disorderly, was fined $5.00 in the City Court yesterday.

— F. D. L. stands for Fred Douglass Legislature, and it will stand as its trademark for many a year.

— Register Haar issued but one marriage license the past week and that was for a colored couple.

— The alarm of fire about seven o'clock last evening was caused by the ignition of a window-curtain at the residence of Mr. T. M. Emerson. The damage was slight.

— The only bill affecting insurance companies that passed the F. D. Legislature was one increasing the license tax on life companies from $100 to $200. All others were killed.

— Mr. Chas. E. Borden, Chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee, publishes in the Star to-day a call for a meeting of the Ward Committees to be held next Tuesday night.

— Among the last bills passed by the F. D. Legislature was one to make the punishment for larceny under $20 one year's imprisonment. This will make thefts of $19 99 very common, and will make business lively at the Penitentiary.

— The Naval Reserves will meet at their armory to-day at 2.30 o'clock preparatory to going to the Seamen's Bethel, where Rev. Robt. Strange will deliver a sermon by invitation. The staff officers of the division are requested to appear in full dress uniform.

— In the list of town charters amended by the Douglass Legislature, as printed in the *News and Observer*, Maxton does not appear. It is to be hoped this is correct; but the people of that town are under the impression that the bill amending their charter passed.

— The ceremony of christening the American barque *Marion S. Harriss* will take place to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock on the vessel at her wharf at Springer's coal-yard. The vessel will clear the next day (Tuesday) for Port Spain, Trinidad, with a cargo of lumber.

— The Star does not credit the rumor, current in Raleigh, that the Seaboard Air Line contemplates a reduction of the pay of its locomotive engineers, and that a strike will follow. It is much more likely that if there are any differences they will be settled without a strike.

— The numerous friends of the family, and especially those who knew the bright and beautiful little Madge Love, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. W. J. Love, were deeply pained to hear of her death, which occurred early yesterday morning. She was a most attractive child, and her loss will be deeply felt.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—373 bales cotton.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—143 bales cotton, 20 casks spirits turpentine, 172 bbls rosin, 20 bbls tar.

Carolina Central R. R.—4 bales cotton, 7 casks spirits turpentine, 82 bbls rosin, 99 bbls tar.

C. F. & Y. V. R. R.—110 bales cotton, 49 casks spirits turpentine, 176 bbls rosin, 6 bbls tar.

Steamer Lisbon—7 casks spirits turpentine, 120 bbls rosin, 70 bbls tar.

Steamer Daggett—3 bbls spirits turpentine, 14 bbls rosin, 111 bbls tar, 31 bbls crude turpentine.

Black's raft—700 bbls rosin.

Underwood's raft—289 bbls rosin.

Total receipts. — Cotton, 630 bales, spirits turpentine, 86 casks; rosin, 1488 bbls; tar, 306 bbls; crude turpentine, 31 bbls.

Now is the time to buy a supply of good shoes for little money, as Mr. A. Shrier is closing out his stock at cost. †

[For the Star.]

BEHIND THE SCENES.

That some men are born great, some achieve greatness, and others have greatness thrust upon them, is a well known apothegm, and it was practically illustrated in this borough many years ago, and, though, but of mere local notoriety it only goes to prove the truth of that old adage. The incident to which I refer and which caused considerable amusement at the time happened in this wise, and I trust that I violate none of the proprieties in recording it at this time.

Among the prominent gentlemen who composed the old Thalian Association in those days was Mr. William H. Halsey, who was an educated gentleman of much more than ordinary ability, and for many years a prominent member of the Wilmington Bar. He was more methodical than brilliant, more logical than fanciful, had but of the graces of oratory and was regarded as a better counselor than advocate, and yet some of his efforts before a jury are remembered as having been very able and effective. There was a vein of dry humor in his nature which would bubble up on unexpected occasions and would provoke merriment, and he would frequently excite laughter by his serio-comic manner, his droll fancies and quaint illustrations. He was very fond of theatrical amusements and was an active member of the association which existed for so many years in this city and which numbered among its members many of the most prominent citizens of the town, and was regarded as a good actor, particularly in the character of an old man.

I remember many years ago, when I was a youngster, witnessing a number of those representations, and they are very vividly impressed upon my mind, and one particularly in which the subject of this brief notice figured prominently, and was unwittingly the star of the occasion. The play was one of the old English comedies, but its name has escaped me. Mr. Halsey personated a widowed old man in the humble walks of life, who had but one child, a daughter, the apple of his eye, and upon whom he had lavished his warmest affections, in fact. She was his idol, and upon her he centered all his thoughts, his hopes and his desires. But she proved unworthy of his love, in fact repaid it with the basest ingratitude, and ran away with a trifling character, leaving her poor old father broken-hearted and desolate. Friends gathered around him during the action of the play to sympathise and condole, and when the curtain rose upon the scene shortly after the elopment, it disclosed the old man sitting in an arm-chair, rocking himself backward and forward, giving vent to the deepest emotion, and with the tears streaming down his furrowed cheek. He was endeavoring to tell a warm friend of his in the play named John Barr, which character was personated that evening by the late brilliant Joseph A. Hill, whose death at the early age of thirty-five years ended a career of so much promise, what had happened in his household, but was so overcome by emotion that his utterance became choked, and it was some time before he could command himself sufficiently to give coherence to his words. He was always slow and deliberate in his articulation, and it was his practice to make long pauses in his speech which had the effect at times of giving additional emphasis to his words and adding to their impersonations. On this occasion, after expatiating on his bereavement he suddenly pointed his long index finger at his friend and with flashing eye and commanding voice exclaimed, "John Burr, you go—and get a child"—and right there he paused or rather stopped short and became as dumb as an oyster. He should have continued as the text required "and lavish on her all your love and she thus repays you, &c., but either his memory failed him or the habit of pausing in which he so frequently indulged was too strong for him and he could not resist the temptation. Unfortunately, he paused at the wrong time and place and there stood the hapless John Burr with that long index finger pointed at him and probing as it were his inmost soul, completely astounded at the words which had just been hurled at him and were ringing like the blast of a trumpet in his ears. He showed his confusion in every way, choked, coughed, tried to articulate but could not, turned purple in the face and suddenly wheeled in his tracks and bolted from the stage convulsed with laughter. The audience shouted in great glee and the youngsters hurrahed tumultuously and in the midst of the uproar and confusion the curtains fell, and the performance came to an abrupt and entirely unexpected conclusion.

The crowd dispersed in great good humor; they had got their money's worth of fun and were well content, but a long period elapsed before that play was again presented to a Wilmington audience.

History and tradition are alike silent as to "John Burr's" subsequent action in the premises, though "Joe Hill," as he was familiarly called, had to bear the brunt of that awkward contretemps for a long time, but he did not mind it, but laughed as loudly as the others, and seemed ready to enjoy it, for his amiability and *bonhommie* were marked characteristics of his nature.

Mr. Halsey was a very quiet, inoffensive gentleman, somewhat reserved in manner, and attended strictly to his own affairs, and never meddled with those of his neighbors. He died in this city many years ago, leaving descendants and connections, many of whom are still living and are greatly respected, and was buried in the old church yard of St. James, where so many of his contemporaries sleep their last sleep. Senex.

Magistrate's Court.

Andrew Ennett, colored, was fined twenty dollars and costs yesterday in Justice McGowan's Court, for assault and battery. Last Thursday, Capt. Edgar Williams, acting harbor master, ordered the removal of a timber raft lying at one of the wharves. Ennett, with others on the raft, refused to obey the order, and when Capt. Williams attempted to cast off the line attaching the raft to the wharf, repulsed him. A warrant was then issued for the arrest of Ennett.

Will the Chaplain of the Next House be a Negro?

A Washington, D. C., correspondent says: "It is still the impression here that the negro Republicans will demand that one of their race be elected chaplain of the next House, and the North Carolina preachers of color are said to have their lightning-rods up. This question will be an embarrassing one to the white Republicans, for the reason that they have no idea of confering this favor on the black brethren, but the latter appear to be full of the notion, and should they persist there is going to be trouble for some of the white leaders.

THE STATE GUARD.

Members Disappointed at the Action of the Legislature in Reducing the Annual Appropriation—But Will Use Every Effort to Maintain the Efficiency of Companies.

The reduction in the annual appropriation for the State Guard made by the Rep-Pop Legislature has caused much comment and great dissatisfaction among members of the two companies in Wilmington—the Light Infantry and the Naval Reserves. These companies have heretofore each received $250 per annum to aid them in meeting current expenses, and the reduction of the appropriation to $100 per annum for each company is a pretty hard blow at their efficiency. Yet the boys are determined that the companies shall maintain their organization and hope that the business men of the community will aid them in the matter.

The Legislature also took away the appropriation for the annual encampment of the State Guard. The Wilmington boys, however, will have their usual ten days training. Capt. Northrop of the W. L. I. was seen by a Star reporter yesterday. He said that if the necessary funds could be raised the Wilmington Light Infantry would have an encampment this Summer. The place has not yet been decided upon, but probably they will use the old encampment grounds at Wrightsville. Other companies in the State who are willing to pay their own expenses may join them there.

Lieut. J. C. Morrison, of the Naval Reserves, when asked about the annual cruise, said: "We will undoubtedly have the third annual cruise this Summer. What training ship will be sent us by the Government is no yet known, but strenuous efforts will be made to secure the U. S. warship *Raleigh*, named in honor of the capital of this State. The cruise will take place in July, I suppose, as has been the custom heretofore. The company will have to pay their own expenses, as no appropriation was made by the Legislature for that purpose. As usual the monitor *Nantucket* will take them down the river, manned in every particular by members of the Reserves. The cruise for 1895 promises to be the grandest ever held, if we can secure the *Raleigh* as the training ship. The Reserves and their friends throughout the State have arranged to present the officers with a beautiful silver set.

Salvini To-morrow Night.

In the appearance of Alexander Salvini at the Opera House to-morrow evening, the theatre-going public will have one of those rare dramatic treats that, as a general thing, they look for in vain among the list of the season's bookings. Salvini is one of those true artists who do not give one the impression that he is reading the lines from a play-book, but that he is the actual individual conceived by the author. The actor that can leave his own individuality outside the stage door, and be the personage whom he portrays for the time being, is necessarily a variety. It is only the vital spark of genius that can effect the transformation. Bernhardt in the passionate drama and Coquelin in comedy are brilliant illustrations of the power. In their case it cannot be so truly said that the play is the thing, for they dominate a school of drama which they create, and which practically dies with them. From the air of realism which he imparts to his heroic creations it would seem that the fiery abandon, the reckless daring and the nobility of these old-time heroes must be more or less a part of Salvini's personal character. To those who have seen Salvini off the stage, he is said to look the romantic hero to the life, and that one's imagination involuntarily replaces his overcoat for the mantle, and his cane for the rapier of the court gallant. Salvini is nothing if not earnest. The touches of pathos and generous sentiment which ever and anon appear in the character of D'Artagnan never fail to arouse in Salvini's interpretation a responding throb in front of the footlight. His assumption of the character demonstrates the wonderful versatility and rare genius which he inherits and which is possessed only by the great representatives of dramatic art. It is in this character, the moving spirit of Dumas' great play, "The Three Guardsmen," that Salvini will appear on this occasion.

City Officers and Employes.

It will be seen by reference to the bill amending the city charter, printed in the Star yesterday, that the salary of the Mayor cannot exceed $1,000, that of the Chief of Police $1,200, City Attorney $300.00, and Commissioner of the Sinking Fund $200.00. These are controlled, within the limits prescribed, by the Police Board; but salaries and wages of all other officers and employes must be fixed by the concurrent action of the Board of Aldermen and the Police Board.

The Board of Audit and Finance elect their clerk and fix his salary; but the total expenditures of the Board are limited to $1,000. The position of Commissioner of the Sinking Fund is taken from the Chairman of this Board and given to the Chairman of the Police Board.

Naval Reserves.

The court martial ordered in the case of Lieut. J. Frank Wilkes will convene in this city next Thursday, to hear the charges preferred against him, as was reported in the Star some time ago. The court is composed of five officers of the Naval Battalion. The case will be full of excitement and interest to many Wilmingtonians.

COTTON FACTS AND FIGURES.

— Receipts here yesterday 630 bales; same day last year 8.

— Spot cotton steady in New York at 6¼ cents for middling; firm in Wilmington at 5¼ cents.

— New York futures closed easy; March, 6.10; April, 6.09; May, 6.14; June, 6.12; July, 6.15; August, 6.15; September, 6.22; October, 6.25; November, 6.29; December, 6.29; January, 6.29.

You can save money by buying the Oriole" brand roasted coffee. †

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Hon. B. F. Grady, of Wallace, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Hon. A. M. Waddell and Messrs. George Rountree, John D. Bellamy, Jr., and S. C. Weill have returned from Raleigh.

— The Star is glad to learn that Nepple, the little daughter of Mr. Ed. Borden, who has been sick with pneumonia, is improving rapidly.

— Mr. Neill McKinnon returned Thursday from visiting his mother, Mrs. Mary McKinnon, of Athens, N. C. We are glad to learn that she was improving when he left her bedside.

— Messrs. J. F. Rhem, Newbern; H. Bowden, Warsaw; S. H. Saunders, Bamburg, S. C.; W. B. Goodwyn, Newbern; W. W. Green, Raleigh; W. G. LeDuc, Fayetteville; J. J. Brownes, Raleigh; A. J. Galloway, A. E. Stevens, Southport, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

Broke Faith With the Guard.

The Legislature broke faith with the Guard, says the *News and Observer*. Under the law the troops enlist for a term of five years. These troops enlisted when the appropriation was $250 per company, just sufficient to cover the expense of armory, insurance, etc. The Legislature still holds the troops to their contract, but breaks faith with them, and compels them not only to serve the State for nothing, but to go down into their pockets, (and they are mostly poor young men, and pay out precious dollars to serve their country. It requires patriotism of a high order to submit to this. And only the patriotism of officers and privates saves the State Guard to North Carolina.

"The Sunbeam."

The scholars of Miss Mary L. Alderman's school have started a little paper called *The Sunbeam*. It has been issued in manuscript for some time past, but appeared yesterday in regular type and newspaper style. The articles are written each week by the scholars in the form of compositions. Many of them are very interesting, taking into consideration the ages of the children. The last issue contains contributions by Emma Bellamy Northrop, Marie Munds, Lizzie May Northrop, Mildred Davis, Hazel Love and Horace Emerson. The editors are Sam Heide, Horace Emerson and Mary Lewis. Local reporters, Hazel Love and Marie Munds. The newsboys are Harry West, Hankins Hall, Willie Emerson, Morris Carpenter and Murr Hall.

St. Patrick's Day.

The "wearing of the green" was "all the go" yesterday, it being preliminary to the ushering in of St. Patrick's Day in the morning. Those of our citizens who are members of the Hibernian Benevolent Society will assemble at Hibernian Hall, on Third street, at 9 o'clock sharp, and will march in a body to St. Thomas' Pro-Cathedral, where divine services appropriate for the occasion will be conducted by Rev. Father Dennen. They will then return to their hall to hear an address suitable to the occasion, which will be delivered by Mr. Jno. Dyer, who is a veteran member of the Society and has delivered the annual address before the Hibernians for several years past.

The Weather.

Observer Graham, of the Bureau at Wilmington, in his synopsis yesterday said:

Heavy rain has fallen from Eastern Virginia to the Mississippi Valley, with snow in the North and West, being heaviest in New England, New York and Pennsylvania. The temperature has risen slightly along the Atlantic coast and in portions of the North and West, and fallen decidedly in a narrow belt extending from Eastern Kentucky to Southern Texas. The weather was clear this morning in Southeastern Florida and the Northwest, and cloudy, raining or snowing in all the rest of the country. It is very unsettled throughout the East and South, but there is a fair chance for clearing in this vicinity Sunday, with much colder. There is considerable likelihood of frost in this section Monday morning, but it is believed that it will be either cloudy or too windy for frost here Sunday morning, even if it should be cold enough.

"A Great Sale."

Everybody should visit the "greatest of all great sales," now going on—that great sheriff sale of fine spring clothing at 110 and 112 Market street, Wilmington, N. C.

Over $85,000 worth of elegant spring clothing to be immediately sold at 50 per cent. less than cost. Largest clothing failure on record. Smash up of the Hub Clothing Co. Entire stock now on sale at retail. Must be sold at once and turned into ready cash. Come, come, come. Terrific sacrifices are made. Clothing is almost given away. Don't miss it. It's a chance of a lifetime. Come at once if you want to save your hard-earned dollars. In order to give the public an idea of the marvellous bargains to be had here, a few prices are mentioned:

Men's Melton cassimere Spring suits that are sold in any and every regular clothing store at $15 and $16 you can get here at 5.50; English diagonal dress suits worth $18 to go at 7.50; elegant imported worsted silk and satin lined dress suits 10.98, worth 25; men's striped trousers worth 4 50 at 1.75; men's fancy striped trousers at 2.75, worth 7 00; boys' suits worth 4.00 at 1.49; nobby youths' suits 4.25, worth 10; cheviot sack suits worth 11.00 at 4.98; men's elegant silk mixed cassimere frock suits 7.50, worth 16; men's blue standard suits 6.50, worth 11. Men's melton cassimere pants 98c, worth $2, and thousands of other bargains not here mentioned, all to be sold at 50 per cent. less than cost. Cut this out and bring it with you. Come early and take your pick. Great sheriff sale of fine Spring clothing. Make no mistake in the place. Look for the numbers 110 and 112 before you go in.

Great sheriff sale, 110 and 112 Market street, Wilmington, N. C., only sheriff sale of fine clothing in Wilmington. During this sale store will be open evenings, if you want to buy good clothes for little money come to this great sheriff sale of fine clothing to get them. †

THE WEATHER.

U. S. Dep't of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Wilmington, N. C., Mar. 17.

Meteorological data for yesterday: Temperature: 8 a. m., 61°; 8 p. m., 60°; maximum, 68°; minimum, 58°; mean, 68°. Rainfall for the day .28; rainfall for the month up to date 2.85 inches.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY.

For Virginia: Fair Sunday and Monday, slightly warmer by Sunday evening and warmer Monday; north winds, shifting to west.

For North Carolina: North winds; colder in southeast portion; colder in the interior. South Carolina: Fair; much colder; north winds; frost in the interior.

DEMOCRATIC WARD COMMITTEES.

The following gentlemen constituting the Democratic Ward Executive Committees of the city of Wilmington are requested to meet at the City Court room (City Hall) Tuesday night, March 19th, at 8 o'clock, on important business:

Chas. E. Borden, Ch'm. Dem. Ex. Com.

First Ward—F T Skipper, Frank Myer, C H Ganzer, W H Strauss, T P Sykes.

Second Ward—C E Borden, Daniel Quinlivan, Geo H Cardwell, Gabriel Holmes, J C Springer.

Third Ward—S G Hall, W N Harriss, E G Jones, Geo H Howell, J S Burnett.

Fourth Ward—H McL Green, T F Bagley, W S Warrock, J W Duls, G D Parsley.

Fifth Ward—J W Branch, Thos Reynolds, J L Brown, A J Blair, C E Hall.

The Fruit Fair.

The letter of Mr. Gerald McCarthy to Mr. P. Heinsberger, Jr., the substance of which was printed in the Star of Friday, shows that Wilmington can have the Horticultural Fair, the leading feature of which is the display of fruits, if she wants it. With proper efforts a fine exhibition may be gotten up, and one that will attract many visitors to the city. In addition to fruits, a fine display of flowers and vegetables might be added.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.

MONDAY, MARCH 18TH.

Engagement of the Romantic Actor.

Alexander Salvini,

Accompanied by WILLIAM REDMOND, and a Company of players under the management of Mr. W. M. Wilkison, in Dumas' famous romance, the

"Three Guardsmen."

To be presented with special and elaborate scenic effect. Seats on sale Friday morning.

mar 14 3t th fr su

Attention, Hibernians!

30th Anniversary.

You are hereby notified to assemble at your Hall Sunday morning at 9 o'clock sharp, March 17th, 1895, St. Patrick's Day, for the purpose of attending divine service at St. Thomas' Pro-Cathedral.

On return to your Hall our brother member, Mr. John Dyer, will deliver an address suitable to the occasion.

The members' families and their friends are cordially invited to attend.

By order of the President.

WM. FLANAGAN, Secretary.

march 16 2t

Concord Chapter No. 1 R. A. M.

Companions—The regular Convocation will be held Monday evening at 8 o'clock, March 18, 1895. A Special Convocation will be held immediately thereafter.

W. A. MARTIN, Secretary.

march 17 1t

A Card.

After due consideration and advice, we have decided to continue as members of the Board of Aldermen for the ensuing term

W. H. NORTHROP, Jr., Member Board Alderman Fourth Ward.

W. N. HARRISS, Member Board of Aldermen Third Ward.

mch 17 1t*

A Card.

After consultation with my Democratic friends, and at their request I have decided to continue as Mayor of the City of Wilmington for the next two years in accordance with the Act of the General Assembly.

mar 17 1t S. H. FISHBLATE.

A Card.

We desire to inform the public that we have decided to continue as members of the Board of Aldermen from the Fifth Ward for the ensuing two years.

(Signed) THOS. J. GORE, DAN. D. CAMERON.

mar 17 1t

A CARD.

After advising with my friends, and after due deliberation, I desire to state that I have decided to serve as a member of the Board of Aldermen from the Second Ward for the next term under the Act of General Assembly continuing the present Mayor and Board of Aldermen.

mar 17 1t W. C. VON GLAHN.

Carolina Yacht Club.

Annual meeting will be held Monday evening, the 18th inst., at 8 o'clock, at the office of the Board of Audit and Finance.

N. H. QUINCE, Purser.

mar 17 1t

Syrup & Molasses.

25 barrels VANILLA DRIPS.
25 barrels plain SYRUP.
30 barrels P. R. Molasses.
20 barrels Cuba MOLASSES.
50 barrels N. O. MOLASSES.
20 barrels Sugar House MOLASSES
20 barrels Pure SEED POTATOES.
All at lowest prices.

W. B. COOPER, Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant, 225 North Water Street, Wilmington, N. C.

march 17 tf D&W

Soap Luxury.

Witch Hazel Soap is nothing but pure vegetable soap and Witch Hazel.

The soothing qualities of Witch Hazel make the roughest skin smooth and velvety, and impart an unctiousness that preserves the hands as well as the face from chapping.

This Soap is liked by women as well as by men, especially mothers of families for their children. It makes your skin like a baby's.

It is free from alkali and yields a soft and abundant lather, whether the water be hard or soft, hot or cold. It clears the pores, stimulates their action, and thus softens, smoothes and whitens the skin and improves the health. Soap luxury.

We do not try to get a quarter for it (the usual price) but sell it for less than half what it is worth, 10c.

JAMES D. NUTT, The Druggist.

mar 17 tf

The French Cafe

Is now open and invites patronage. Fancy drinks a specialty. Everything new and clean. Clever attendants to wait upon the patronage. Call and see us.

A. P. LEVY, Manager.

mar 8 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to Brown & Roddick, No. 9 North Front Street.

In accordance with our custom of making a special sale of new high grade goods at the beginning of each season, We shall place the following incomparable bargains on special counters to-morrow.

"What Speaks Better than Prices?"

The following great attractions include but a few of our splendid special bargains for this week—

Colored Dress Goods.

16 inch all wool imperial Serges, in tan, navy, brown, gray, Reseda and fawn, 60c per yard.

38 inch two toned Novelties in elegant shades of green, blue, heliotrope and plum, at 50c a yard.

50 inch English Plaid Checks in a new variety of Spring colors. 50 inch Silk and wool French novelties in new and handsome changeable colors at $1.00 per yard.

Yard wide small Shepherd's Plaid Checks, in many combination colors and all wool at 25c per yard.

40 inch all wool Scotch cheviot Mixtures in new spring colorings at 50c a yard.

Ladies' and Children's Hosiery.

Ladies' Fast Black Hosiery, Smith & Angell dye, Trunk Top's, 33⅓c pr.

Ladies' Fast Black Hose, Smith & Angell's dye, warranted, 25c.

Children's double knee ribbed cotton Hose, excellent and splendid wearing quality, only 12c per pair.

Children's Guaranteed Fast Black Ribbed Hose only 10c pair.

Men's White and Night Shirts.

Men's white Muslin Night Shirts, 50 inch long, neatly trimmed on the collar and bosom, made from A 1 muslin, only 50, 75c and $1.

Men's New York mills Nonpareil muslin Shirts, all hand-made button holes, full 36 inches long, double stitched all through, gathered in the back, linen bosom, three ply, reinforced in the front, 50c, 75c and $1.

Men's Fine Laundered Shirts, colored bosoms, collars and cuffs, latest styles, only $1.50 each.

Barker & Rocket brands in Gents' Collars and Cuffs.

CORSETS.

200 Warner's Health and Sonnetti Corsets, worth $1, this week 75c pair.

Silks—colored.

Fancy Gros de Londres new and select designs in stripes and broche effects and medium light tints, $1.

Fancy Japanese Silk, pretty colors

Printed India Silk in a strong and durable quality, only 35, 40 and 50c.

Black Silks.

Japanese Habutai 50 and 75c yard.
Satin Duchess $1 and 1.25 a yard.
Gross Grain 1.00 and 1.25 a yard.
Moire One Dollar a yard.
Muscovite 1.25 and 1.50 a yard.
Taffeta 1.00 and 1.25 a yard.
Armure 1.00 and 1.25 a yard.

Ladies' Shirt Waists in percale, large sleeves, very latest cut in collars and cuffs, exquisite patterns.

Chemisettes.

They are here again in the newest and most desirable styles, in colors and black, also black and white.

We have on hand about a hundred dozen pure white Pearl Buttons, best quality, really worth 75c dozen, from the size of a nickel to that of a 25c piece. This week only 25c a dozen.

Laces and Embroideries.

We have the most beautiful line we have ever had the pleasure of showing to the Wilmington trade.

They are here in endless variety, as beautiful and bewildering as a dream. Those who have not examined this line have failed to see the essence of this year's productions.

Hosiery.

We sell more Hosiery than all the merchants in the city put together. Why? Because we handle Smith and Angell's Fast Black, They cost us more money than other brands, but we sell them for the same price. Every pair guaranteed in color and in wear. Try them.

Special attention given mail orders.

Guaranteed as Advertised.

A. D. BROWN'S,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK No. 9 NORTH FRONT ST.

mar 17 tf

Coal by Steamer.

Now Landing by Clyde S. S. Croatan.

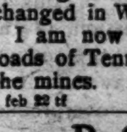
300 Tons Choice Egg & Stove Coal.

It being impossible for sailing vessels to move by reason of the ice blockade North, I have had to freight Coal by steamer at much extra cost, although the price will remain unchanged in Wilmington.

I am now receiving several carloads of Tennessee Coal direct from the mines. J. A. SPRINGER.

feb 22 tf

D. O'Connor,



REAL ESTATE AGENT, Wilmington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwelling for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Cash loaned on improved city real estate

june 24 tf

markets? Because the ... of the world are not able to buy either all they need to eat or to wear. It is only the persons with earnings or incomes above the average that can do that, and hence we say that people who are able to live liberally are in "comfortable circumstances."

But why are the majority of mankind unable to buy all they need to eat and to wear—to live comfortably? Because the wages they get for their labor are not enough to pay the price and this is because the money controllers of the world combine to keep down the volume of money in the world under pretence of preventing it from becoming "cheap," and thus keep it "dear" and labor cheap, and all the products of labor cheap to them, although too dear for the masses who have so little to buy with, however cheap these products may be. The money kings by controlling the money not only give an excessive value to that, but control the prices of labor and of the products of labor, which must depend for purchasers on the smaller number of the human family who are in better circumstances than the larger number. The money of the world is estimated at $10,000,000,000. Divide this among the 1,600,000,000 population of the earth and it will give a *per capita* of about $6 if it was all in circulation, but one-half, at least, of it is locked up in banks and in Government vaults where it is hoarded and is utterly useless as money. The *per capita* of the world's supply of *active* money, money which moves from hand to hand in the channels of trade and commerce, wouldn't amount to $3, and there are millions of the human family even in civilized countries who never see that much together any one time in the course of a year.

Double the world's volume of money, double the wages of toilers, then they would eat more, live better and the food grower and the cotton and wool grower would find double the demand for their producte, and we would hear no more of overproduction nor of depression on the farm. What this world needs is cheap money, not worthless money, but enough of it, so much that there will be no disposition to hoard it because it is worth more than anything else. Money was made for use, not to be hoarded. The very moment it begins to be hoarded it loses its money characteristic and becomes so much dead matter; that's all. Hoarded money renders no more service for the progress and the betterment of the world than a gold vein at the bottom of the ocean.

MINOR MENTION.

A Washington dispatch published in the STAR yesterday states that Marion Butler had at his own request been assigned a seat on the Republican side of the Senate. It is not a matter of much importance where Senator Butler sits, but there is nothing surprising in his choosing a seat on the Republican side, for he will find more congenial companions there than he would on the other side and he will be nearer his distinguished Republican colleague, the statesman from Madison county, with whom he will doubtless have frequent occasion to confer. Eliminate the silver question, which Mr. Butler now professes to believe the great and essential issue, and he is to all intents and purposes a Republican. He was hand and globe with the very worst element of the Republican party in this State and zealously co-operated with the Republican revolutionists in the Legislature in carrying out the programme mutually agreed upon by them. The only thing which gagged him and went against his stomach, was that post mortem Fusion tribute of respect to the memory of the late lamented, half-and-half, Fred. Douglass. But he didn't have the grit to condemn that, and dispatched it with the brief editorial remark that it was an "unfortunate blunder," and then proceeded to try to make the readers of his paper believe there wasn't any such blunder committed. With the record he has made, it is quite natural that Marion Butler should choose a seat on the Republican side of the Senate. He would be decidedly out of place anywhere else.

* * *

Those carping censors who have from time to time been scoring this administration, and especially Secretary Gresham, for alleged tardiness in upholding the dignity of the American flag cannot accuse him of any unseemly dallying in planting his foot and opening his mouth in the matter of the shooting at the Allianca, off the coast of Caba, by that Spanish cruiser. If Mr. Charles A. Dana, of the New York *Sun*, who put his war paint on and whooped his war whoop, as soon as he heard the report of the Captain of the Allianca, had issued the instructions to our Minister at Madrid he could not have used less circumlocution, or been more explicit or come more directly to the point. Even Mr. Dana will not accuse Secretary Gresham of wasting time in acting or in thumbing the dictionary hunting up diplomatic language to say what he didn't mean. They will probably admit that Mr. Gresham was prompt and emphatic enough, while there are a good many who are rather inclined to think that he exhibited unnecessary celerity in jumping on Spain with both feet before giving her a chance to be heard and to ascertain the facts in the case for which "a prompt disavowal of the unauthorized act and a due expression of regret" were demanded. Of course Spain will disavow and regret, and that will be the end of the incident, for Spain isn't going to give this Government a pretext to pounce upon and seize Cuba, which would be the upshot if she sustained the fool captain who shot at the Allianca.

* * *

We have noted the fact that Marion Butler, in the editorial columns of the *Caucasian* was advocating the temporary suspension of all the other demands of the Populist platform and centering upon the free coinage of silver as the sole issue, with a view to co-operating with the new silver party, a manifesto for the organization of which was recently issued by leading free silver men of both the Democratic and Republican parties. In this movement he has had the co-operation of other leading Populists in the State, the result of which has been the adoption of a resolution to that effect by the Populist members of the late Legislature, in a meeting held just before the adjournment, which, after a couple of whereases, resolved:

"That the Populists representing certain counties in North Carolina, and other Populists in meeting assembled, recommend to the Populist party that they give their sympathy and influence to the movement looking toward the organization of a distinct political party, which has for its chief issue before the nation the free coinage of silver at the rate of 16 to 1, but at the same time that the Populists of North Carolina maintain their autonomy and distinct organization as Populists, and that every effort and every compromise that can be made without a surrender of principle, which looks toward the effecting of legislation that will secure the free coinage of silver, be made by the Populists individually and collectively during the next two years.

This puts a damper on the continued fusion of the Pops. and Reps. as far as the next Presidential election goes, and practically merges the Populist party into the new silver party and that will be the end of the Populist party as a distinct political organization. This movement is not confined to North Carolina for it will be followed in other States where the Populists have strength enough to make them a factor in politics.

Nikola Tesla, the electrician, has met with a great loss by the burning of his laboratory in New York the other night, by which his electrical instruments, valued at more than $50,000, were destroyed. This is a loss not only to him but to the world, for it will seriously interfere with the work of one of the greatest of living electricians, a man of wonderful genius and perseverance. Many of the instruments destroyed were of his own invention and took years to perfect.

CURRENT COMMENT.

——Reuben F. Kolb has published another tirade full of adjectives against the Governor of Alabama. As long as Kolb is given half a chance there is little danger of Alabama politics becoming stagnant for want of stirring.—*Phil. Ledger, Ind.*

—— Mob rule is more despicable and cowardly in a Northern Legislature than on a Southern levee, since those who make the laws should be the last to break them; but wheresoever the mob instinct may show its fangs its head should be crushed by the heel of public sentiment, for it is of the brood of Anarchy, and there is death in its venom.—*Phil. Record, Dem.*

—— It would probably be safe to say that a considerable percentage of the younger negro men at present in this city on their way to Liberia are going to the new country with their heads filled with dreams of political greatness. There are, no doubt, several embryo presidents and scores of senators and congressmen in the party awaiting the Horsa. If any of them get to be constables in Africa they will be lucky.—*Savannah News, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS

—The mortality among "the oldest Mason" is very great so far this year.—*Minneapolis Journal.*

— The ordinance for taxing vehicles is designed to secure money by revolutions.—*Chicago Post.*

— We might get even by excluding the French novel, particularly the ones that are produced in Chicago.—*Washington Post.*

— Jess—So their engagement is off; how did it happen?

Bess—He knew himself so well that he was sure she would get tired of him. *Kate Field's Washington.*

— A little miss was listening to her sister while she was playing upon the piano, and, after keeping still for awhile, said:

"Sister, why don't you open the draft and make it sound louder?"—*Vogue.*

Call for the Horse Brand of Johnson's Magnetic Oil. It has no equal for the disease of horses and cattle. $1.00 size 50 cts.; 50 cts. size 35 cts. J. H. HARDIN, J. H. BUNTING.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only Fifty cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION, ETC.—DAILY—One square (ten lines) one day, $1 00; three days, $2 50; five days, $3 00; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $7 00; three weeks, $9 50; one month, $12 00; two months, $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $80 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

—A announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper references, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will inevitably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or so occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements one dollar per square for each insertion.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY, MORNING, MAR. 17, 1895

AGRICULTURAL DEPRESSION.

Agriculture is depressed in the United States, but not in the United States alone. It is depressed in Great Britain, in Germany, in France, in Russia and in other countries.

In England it is even worse than in this country; so much worse that some of the landlords are practically bankrupt for want of tenants, or rents if they have tenants, and life tenures of land can be bought within two hours' ride of the city of London for half what they could be ten or twenty years ago.

In Russia, where people were starving last year, wheat is so abundant that there is little or no market for it, and the farmers are feeding it to stock, as a good many farmers in Kansas and other Western States have been doing within the past two years.

In Germany there is agrarian agitation to keep out imported foodstuffs with the view of raising the price of the products of the German farm, and thus helping the farmers out of their embarrassments.

In France prices have fallen below the profit limit, notwithstanding that there has been a material reduction of acreage in the staple crops, and there, also, there is a howl against imported foodstuffs, to which the French farmers attribute the depression in their industry.

The farmers of Great Britain, Germany and France say the trouble with them has been caused by forced competition with the food stuffs of America and other countries which can produce them more cheaply than they can, which is true, but there is another reason back of this, a reason for this reason, which they do not understand, because they do not look far enough beyond the competition which is ever present and fills their vision.

With all the surplus crops in this and other food-producing countries, this earth has never grown half as much food as it needed, and would consume if it had the wherewith to buy. There is not a civilized nation on the face of the earth where there are not millions of underfed people who live hard simply because they haven't the means to live better and eat more and better food. In respect to comforts of the toiler ours is the most favored country under the sun, and yet who does not know that the average wage-earner with a family to support has to practice close economy and manage well to live comfortably and make ends meet, much less lay by much for the rainy day or old age? By "comfortable" we do not mean indulgence in delicacies or in luxuries, but simply to have a sufficiency of good, wholesome and palatable food, not stintingly, but liberally provided. But there are millions of American workers, with regular or irregular employment, who are not sure of next week's living, some not of the next day's, and these are forced to live from hand to mouth, and to live hard.

Compared with the living of the average American workman, the average European workman lives like a serf, because the average wages of the European toiler, outside of the callings requiring skilled labor, are not enough to purchase enough of even an ordinarily fair kind of food, and the consequence is that they must exercise the most rigid economy to live as cheaply as possible.

This is the situation in America, it is the situation in Europe, and it is even worse in the more densely populated, older countries of the far East. Is there nothing in this to account for the depression in the agricultural industry of this country and Europe? You may say it is overproduction. It is overproduction as far as the world's markets are concerned, but not as far as the needs of the world are concerned, for there never has been that kind of overproduction and never will be. But why is there overproduction for

COULD WE BUT KNOW.

E. C. STEDMAN.

Could we but know
The land that ends our dark, uncertain travel
Where lies those happier hills and meadows low—
Ah! if beyond the spirit's inmost cavil
Aught of that country could we surely know—
Who would not go?

Might we but hear
The hovering angel's high imagined chorus,
Or catch, betimes, with wakeful eyes and clear,
One radiant vista of the realm before us,
With one rapt moment given to see and hear,
Ah! who could fear?

Were we quite sure
To find the peerless friend who left us lonely,
Or there, by some celestial stream as pure,
To gaze in eyes that were love lit only—
This weary mortal coil, we are quite sure,
Who would endure?

SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

— Half the misery in the world comes of want of courage to speak to hear the truth plainly, and in a spirit of love.—*Harriet Beecher Stowe.*

— A happy medium is the golden mean between poverty and riches Either great riches or extreme poverty loads the individual with cares which rob him of the chief joy of living. Agur was wise in the prayer, 'Give me neither poverty nor riches."—*Christian Advocate*

— One good man, one who does not put away his religion with his Sunday coat, but wears it for his working dress, and lets the thought of God grow into him, and through and through him, till everything he says and does becomes religious, that man is worth a thousand sermons; he is a living gospel.—*C. Kingsley.*

— Lack of intelligent apprehension of the duties of believers is the reason why so many never attain to vigorous Christian manhood If they could get rid of the idea that religion consists in personal enjoyment only, they would be far better off, and so would the church and the world.—*Nashville Advocate.*

— Work, every hour, paid or unpaid; see only that thou workest, and thou canst not not escape thy reward. Whether thy work be fine or coarse, planting corn or writing epics, so only that it be honest work done in thine own approbation; it shall earn a reward to the senses as well as to the thought. The reward of a thing well done is to have done it.—*Emerson.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Rocky Mount *Argonaut*: Mr. R. M. Whitaker, aged about 76 years, died at his home near Gold Rock, Nash county, Monday last. —— Died on Saturday night, 9th inst., Mrs. Sarah E. Bunn, after a brief illness of pneumonia. She had reached the ripe old age of 77 years.

— Southport *Leader*: Mrs. Elouise Barriss Leonard died in this city last Friday morning. Mrs. Leonard at the time of her death was in her forty-third year. She had been an invalid for several years, the cause of her death being consumption. She was born at Wrightsville Sound, but had lived here most of her life.

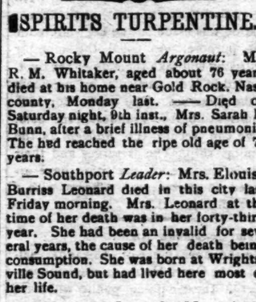
— Monroe *Journal*: Mrs. Anna Walsh, mother of Mr. W. W. Walsh, died at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. W. C. Ramsey, last Friday. —— Mrs. Ettie Lee, wife of Mr. T. C. Lee, died at the residence of Mr. G. S. Lee, in Monroe, at 2 o'clock Sunday morning. Several days before she came on a brief trip to Monroe and was taken sick while here.

— Sanford *Express*: The fruit-growers and farmers of this county are looking forward to a heavy fruit crop this year. Here is the middle of March and not a peach blossom has appeared. —— A shipment of Chatham coal has just been gone forward to a large manufacturing concern at Richmond, which is almost in the midst of the Virginia coal fields, and several thousand tons are now loaded on the cars for shipment to Wilmington.

—Raleigh *Press*: This morning Mr. Lee R. Wyatt filed a deed of assignment with the Register of Deeds, naming J. N. Holding and J. P. Wyatt as trustees. Mr. Wyatt assigned all his property, both personal and real estate. He reserved the $1,500 exemption, which privilege is given him. The estimated liabilities are $14,000, and the assets about the same, though if the real estate should bring its full value the assets would amount to $18,000 or $18,000.

— Monroe *Enquirer*: On last Monday afternoon Lonnie, the fourteen year old son of Mr. James Goodwin, of Rock Rest, was hauling wood and his team became frightened and ran away. The unfortunate boy was thrown from the wagon and was crushed between one of the wheels and a tree. One of his legs was broken near the hip joint and he was injured internally. Dr. J. E. Ashcraft was called and set the broken limb, but the internal injuries were fatal, and after lingering until Wednesday morning, death came and relieved him of his suffering.

— The American Encyclopedic Dictionary is now complete in 49 Parts. Send in orders at once.



Chronic Nervousness

Could Not Sleep, Nervous Headaches.

Gentlemen:—I have been taking your Restorative Nervine for the past three months and I cannot say enough in its praise. It has

Saved My Life,

for I had almost given up hope of ever being well again. I was a chronic sufferer from nervousness and could not sleep. I was also troubled with nervous headache, and had tried doctors in vain, until I used your Nervine. Yours truly,

MRS. M. WOOD, Ringwood, Ill.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Cures.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles' Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters 25c, at all druggists. I Sold by all Druggists.
June 15 1y D&W fri su we change daily

FUN IN BILL POSTING.

HUMOR IN A BUSINESS WHERE YOU WOULDN'T LOOK FOR IT.

Picturesque and Mirthful Effects Produced With Paste Pot and Brush—Devils and Angels Are Incongruously Mixed Up. "Post No Bills" Goes.

All trades have their droll aspects, but that of the billposter is one long vista of fun. He may become an artist comedian of the first order. It does not require much brain weight either. An old fence is his only arena, and his posters are his stock in trade.

His fun is but momentary, but it is potent while it lasts. He accomplishes it by means of the combinations he is forced to make when he posts new bills over the old ones. Some of the combinations are very funny. Thus he is forced to become a mirth producer whether he will or no, but there are some among the men who get their livelihood in this manner who intentionally place the new bills where they will produce the oddest if but momentary effects.

The reporter watched one of these knights of the paste pot while he proceeded to cover up a rather flaming picture of his satanic majesty with a bill which portrayed a naval officer in full uniform. The first section put on was the officer's head. As it fitted exactly on to Mephisto's shoulders the effect was comical. The next section brought the naval man down to the bottom of his coat. From a short distance it appeared precisely as though he was minus his nether garments and stood bare legged in the rising flames which enveloped him to his knees. The billposter chuckled as he surveyed his work at this point and asked the reporter what he thought of it while he covered the officer's nakedness with a pair of trousers and shoes.

The billposter was quite talkative in his way and spoke of the droll side of his business. "Did it never occur to you," said he as he picked and sorted some flaming colored bills preparatory to pasting them on the fence, "did it never occur to you what an odd and amusing business this is? You saw me put a uniform on the devil. Funny, wasn't it? Well, it wasn't a patch to the effects produced sometimes. These bills have to be changed nearly every week, and the posters get fixed up in the queerest way. I've put angels' heads on devils and devils' heads on angels. I've put a man with a dress coat on where a ballet girl was, so that it looked as though the skirts branched out below where the coat was. I left it there for a moment while I pasted other bills, and quite a crowd gathered around. A policeman came along, and I had to cover it up.

"Once I had a Salvation Army poster to put up, and when I pasted the top portion of it over a bill advertising the play of 'Julius Cæsar' the large blue bonnet of the Salvation Army girl fitted Cæsar perfectly. It was too bad I had to spoil it."

"You see that ballet girl on the fence over there? I have got to paste this big cat over it. Now watch me do it."

He took a section of a bill with the head of a grinning feline on it and placed it so that it fitted to the girl's shoulders. A halo surrounded the cat's head, and the whole affair had a puss in boots air about it that reminded one of early fairy tales. Near by on the fence was a heroic size negro minstrel, whose immense teeth showed through lips which stretched form ear to ear.

"Now see how I will fix that fellow," said the man of the brush as he got ready a bill on which a large tiger was represented balanced on a big blue ball. The tiger's position was on the upper part of the poster. The first section fixed the animal's head on the fence, and with the next the body and feet were pasted up. Then appeared a curious effect. Where the blue ball was to be pasted the negro's face still grinned, but the tiger was now standing on top of the man's head.

"That," said the billposter, "is what I call a real artistic effect. It isn't often an artist can create a Samson in almost one stroke of his brush."

Following his pasting of the tiger, the man proceeded to put up a bear. On the spot where it was to go an overfat baby held up a package of a compound much advertised of late. The bear was built up from the feet, which rested on a horizontal bar. The bear's neck and the baby's neck touched the same point, and before the bear's head was pasted up there appeared a combination of human and brute anatomy which could hardly be equaled by a monstrosity in a dime museum.

Bill posting has undergone a great change in recent years. It is not the haphazard business it once was—that is, it is not allowable for men to go around pasting bills wherever they could find a fence. Most of the big fences are preempted now by firms who pay rent for the privilege.

The old sign of "Post no bills" is more potent than it was. Its infringement now may mean a lawsuit. It used to be very much disregarded. There is record of a very literal man who was arrested for infringing a sign which read "post no bills under penalty." When the judge asked him if he had any excuse to offer, he said he had not "posted under penalty. He had posted further along the fence."—New York World.

The Brightest Light.

The great searchlight made by the General Electric company, and which was exhibited at Chicago, afterward at the Winter exposition, San Francisco, has found a final home and resting place at Mount Lowe, California. It is estimated the rays of this wonderful light can be seen at a distance of 900 miles when the air is clear.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Housatonic is a corruption of Wassatunio, "Bright Stream Flowing Through Rocks."

Higher Education.

We have now a high school for the culture and development of feminine beauty. At this beauty college the fair pupils are taught the science of imparting the highest degree of graceful expression to their features and movements. The young ladies are taught how to speak—i. e., without pulling faces—and how to pronounce difficult words in the most bewitching manner. One of the most difficult words is the simple "potato." Two hours are barely sufficient to acquire a correct and agreeable pronunciation of the name of this homely tuber. The professors at the college have discovered that music lends a peculiar charm to the expression of the countenance. But the difficulty lies in the choice of the compositions. Ladies of fair complexion grow melancholy as they listen to Chopin. Wagner is specially adapted to dark ladies. His "polychromatic music imparts the requisite softness to brunettes," rendering them charming and pliable. The largest attendance is found, however, at the lectures where the pupils are shown how to sleep—that is to say, with a sweet expression and in a graceful pose. Unfortunately we are not told by what means this delightful accomplishment is to be acquired.—Frankfurter Zeitung.

So many people ah like de firecracker. Dey can only make a big splurge an noise fo de wurld as de expense ob bein hopelessly busted. —Arkansaw Thomas Cat.

DUKE CIGARETTES

MADE FROM
High Grade Tobacco
AND
ABSOLUTELY PURE

dec 14 tf fr su we W 2p

A Unique Prescription For the Liver.

A young clerk whose sedentary life and lack of exercise have left him with a sluggish liver and all the evil consequences thereof visited a well known physician recently and was advised to regulate his diet to the utmost plainness and to take horseback exercise daily. The young man frankly told the doctor that he could not afford to keep or to hire a horse. The doctor asked him where he was employed and was told that he was a clerk in a certain corporation which is housed in an enormous building on Broadway, and that his office was on the tenth floor.

Quoth the doctor: "That's just the thing. You don't need to hire a horse. Walk briskly down the 10 flights of stairs three times a day, and it will do your liver just as much good as if you were jolted on horseback during an hour's ride."

The gentleman's friends will probably appreciate after they have read this why he persists in walking down stairs at a good gait instead of taking the elevator. The doctor added that no excercise was more gently stimulating than walking down stairs and nothing more severe than walking up stairs.—New York Mail and Express.

Chemical Perfumes.

Chemistry seems to furnish substitutes for the expensive perfumes now made from flowers. It has long been known that the exact odor of the banana is produced in the laboratory. There seems a possibility, however, that even when some fragrant plants cease to be cultivated for the perfumes many may become of importance in surgery. It has been discovered that some such plants are free from the attacks of insects and from fungous growths, and this may be due to the fact that their essential oils have antiseptic properties. The eucalyptus yields an antiseptic, and so do other familiar plants. — Chicago Herald.

It is said that 200,000 books have been written about the Bible.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2-lb Jute		@ 6
Standard	7½	@ 7
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ₩ lb	13½	@ 14
Sides ₩ lb	8½	@ 10
Shoulders ₩ lb		@ 8½
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ₩ lb	6½	@ 7
Shoulders ₩ lb	6½	@
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 00	@ 1 15
New New York, each	1 35	@ 1 40
New City, each		@ 1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb		@ 30
BRICKS—		
Wilmington, ₩ M	6 50	@ 7 00
Northern	9 00	@ 11 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15	@ 25
Northern	23	@ 26
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks		@ 55
Virginia Meal	55	@ 57½
COTTON TIES— ₩ bundle		@ 70
CANDLES— ₩ lb—		
Sperm	18	@ 25
Adamantine	9	@ 10
CHEESE— ₩ lb—		
Northern Factory	10	@ 11
Dairy, Cream	11	@ 12
State		@ 10
COFFEE— ₩ lb—	27	@ 28
Laguyra	20	@ 23
Rio	15	@ 19
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	6	@ 6½
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18	@ 20
EGGS— ₩ dozen	10	@
FISH—		
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00	@ 30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00	@ 15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ barrel	16 00	@ 18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ half-barrel	8 00	@ 9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00	@ 14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25	@ 3 50
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel		@ 6 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ₩ keg	3 50	@ 4 00
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5	@ 10
FLOUR— ₩ barrel—		
Western, low grade	2 50	@ 3 50
" Extra	2 75	@ 4 25
" Straight	3 25	@
Second Patent	3 50	@
First Patent	4 25	@ 4 50
City Mills—Super		@ 3 50
" " Family	3 25	@
GLUE— ₩ lb	7½	@ 10
GRAIN— ₩ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White		55@ 55
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White		55@ 55
Corn, cargo, in bags—White		55@ 55
Corn, shelled, from store		@ 60
Oats, from store		@ 45
Oats, Rust Proof		@ 35
Cow Peas		@ 60
HIDES, ₩ lb—		
Green		@ 4
Dry		@ 3½
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—		
Eastern		@ 1 00
Western		@ 90
North River		@ 90
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2	@ 3½
LARD, ₩ lb—		
Northern	6½	@ 9@
North Carolina	6½	@ 9
LIME, ₩ barrel		1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ₩ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@ 20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00	@ 16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@ 18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@ 22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@ 15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—		
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@ 26
" " in bbls		@ 26
Porto Rico, in hhds	25	@ 27½
" in bbls		@ 27
Sugar-House, in hhds		@ 14
" in bbls		@ 16
Syrup, in bbls	25	@ 45
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis		@ 1 15
OILS, ₩ gallon—		
Kerosene	10	@ 14
Lard		@ 68
Linseed	75	@ 80
Rosin	15	@ 18
Tar		@ 30
Deck and Spar		@ 25
POULTRY—		
Chickens, Live, grown	12½	@ 23½
" Spring	10	@ 20
Turkeys	60	@ 1 00
PEANUTS, ₩ bushel 28 lbs	35	@ 50
POTATOES, ₩ bushel—		
Sweet	30	@ 45
Irish, ₩ barrel	2 50	@ 3 00
PORK, ₩ barrel—		
City Mess		@ 13 50
Rump		@ 13 00
Prime		@ 13 00
RICE—Carolina, ₩ lb	4	@ 5
Rough—₩ bushel (Upland)	50	@ 70
" (Lowland)	1 00	@ 1 15½
RAGS, ₩ lb—Country		@ 1½
City		@ 1½
ROPE, ₩ lb	10	@ 12
SALT, ₩ sack—Alum		@ 75
Liverpool		@ 65
Lisbon		@
American		@ 65
" 168-lb Sacks	45	@ 50
SHINGLES, 7-inch, & M	5 00	@ 7 00
Common	3 00	@ 3 50
Cypress Saps	4 50	@ 5 00
Cypress Hearts		@ 7 00
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Gran'd		@ 4½
Standard A		@ 4½
White A		@ 4½
Extra C		@ 4
C, Yellow		@ 3½
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	3½	@
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00	@ 14
R. O. Hogshead		@ 10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	12 00	@ 13 00
Mill, Prime	8 00	@ 9 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@ 7 50
Common Mill	4 00	@ 5 00
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00	@ 4 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	5	@
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 00	@ 1 10
North Carolina	1 00	@ 2
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	14	@
Clear of burr	10	@
Burr		@

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, March 16.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Firm at 34 cents per gallon.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 15 per bbl. for Strained and $1 20 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 00 per bbl. of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1 90 for Hard, $2 00 for Yellow Dip and Virgin.

COTTON—Steady.

Ordinary	3½	cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	4⅞	" "
Low Middling	5 1-16	" "
Middling	5¼	" "
Good Middling	5 13-16	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	630 bales
Spirits Turpentine	86 casks
Rosin	1,433 bbls
Tar	306 bbls
Crude Turpentine	81 bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, March 16—Evening—Money on call 1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 488 for sixty days and 489¼ for demand. Commercial bills 487¼@487¾. Government bonds firm; United States coupon fours 113¼; United States twos 95. State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 100, North Carolina sixes 127. Railroad bonds strong.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was steady at 62 for three ounces.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, March 16—Evening.—Wheat firm; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 61¾@61¾c, afloat 62¾@63c; options opened weak and declined ¼c, rallied ¼c and closed firm; trade dull; No. 2 red March 61¾c; May, June and July 62c. Corn dull and firm; No. 2 at elevator 51¼c, afloat 53c; options were dull and unchanged; May 54¾c. July 50¾c. Oats dull; options quiet; March, April and May 85½c; July 83½c; mixed Western 85@88c. Hay steady; shipping 50@55c; good to choice 70@75. Wool in fair demand; domestic fleece 15@19c; pulled 10@18c; Texas 19. Beef firm; family $9 75@12 00; extra mess $7 50@8 25; beef hams firm at $18 00; tierced beef quiet; city extra India mess $13 00@$15 00. Peanuts quiet. Coffee quiet at 5 points up; May $14 15; June $14 80; spot Rio quiet; No. 7, $16 75. Sugar—raw firm and quiet; fair refining 2 11-16c; refined quiet and firm; off A 3⅝@3¾c; standard A 3 15-16@4¼c; cut-loaf and crushed 4 9-16@4¾c; granulated 4¼c. Freights to Liverpool quiet; cotton, per steamer —; grain per steamer 2¼d.

CHICAGO, February 16—Cash quotations: Flour dull but firm at the late advance. Wheat—No. 2 spring 56¼@62¾c; No. 2 red 55@55½c. Corn—No. 2, 44⅝@44¾c. Oats—No. 2, 28¾@29c. Mess pork—per bbl, $11 87½@12 00. Lard, per 100 lbs. $6 75@6 77½. Short ribs, loose—per 100 lbs. $5 80@5 85. Dry salted shoulders, boxed—per 100 lbs. $4 75@4 87½. Short clear sides, boxed—per 100 lbs. $6 25@6 33. Whiskey $1 26.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 March 51½, 55¾, 55, 55c; May 58¾@56¾, 57¼, 58¾, 58¾@56¾c. July 57¾, 58@58¾, 57¾, 57½c. Corn—No. 2 March 44⅝, 44¾, 44¼, 44¼ 44⅝; May 46¼, 46¼, 46, 46@46¼c; July 46, 46@46½, 45¾, 45¾@46c. Oats—No. 2 May 29½, 29¼, 29¾, 29½; June 29¼, 29⅝, 29¼, 29¼c; July 28¼, 28¼, 28¼@28¾, 28¼@28¾. Mess pork, per bbl, May $12 05, 12 12½, 11 75, 11 80; Lard, per 100 lbs May $6 92½, 6 92½, 6 80, 6 87½; July $7 03½, 7 02½, 6 92½, 6 97½. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—May $5 97½, 6 00, 5 88½, 5 92½; July $6 10, 6 10, 5 95, 5 95.

BALTIMORE, March 16.—Wheat quiet; No. 2 red spot and March 61¼c; April 61¼@61¾c; May 62@62½c; No. 2 red 58@58¾c; Southern wheat by sample 60@65c; do on grade 58¼@61¾c. Corn steady; April 49¼c; May 49½c; steamer 49@49¼c. Oats steady; No. 2 white Western 56½@58c; No. 3 mixed, do 42¼@44½c

COTTON MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

March 16—Galveston, very firm at 5⅝—net receipts 1,394 bales, Norfolk, firm at 5⅝c—net receipts 1,726 bales; Baltimore, firm at 6c—net receipts — bales; Boston quiet at 6 1-16c—net receipts 907 bales; Wilmington, steady at 5½—net receipts 630 bales; Philadelphia, firm at 6¼—

Children Cry FOR PITCHER'S Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 82 Portland Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

THE CENTAUR CO., 77 Murray St., N. Y.

What is Castoria

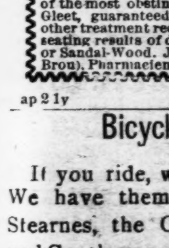
Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray St., N. Y.



JOHNSON'S MAGNETIC OIL! Instant Killer of Pain. **Internal and External.** Cures RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, Lame Back, Sprains, Bruises, Swellings, Stiff Joints, COLIC and CRAMPS instantly. Cholera Morbus, Croup, Diptheria, Sore Throat, HEADACHE, as if by magic.

THE HORSE BRAND, Especially prepared for Stock, Double Strength, the most Powerful and Penetrating Liniment for Man or Beast in existence. Large $1 size 75c., 50c. size 40c.

JOHNSON'S ORIENTAL SOAP. Medicated and Toilet. The Great Skin Cure and Face Beautifier. Ladies will find it the most delicate and highly perfumed Toilet Soap on the market. It is absolutely pure. Makes the skin soft and velvety and restores the lost complexion; is a luxury for the Bath for Infants. It alays itching, cleanses the scalp and promotes the growth of hair. Price 25c. For sale by

J. HICKS BUNTING, Y. M. C. A. Building. For sale by JOHN H. HARDIN, Wilmington N. C.

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BROU'S INJECTION. **A PERMANENT CURE** of the most obstinate cases of Gonorrhœa and Gleet, guaranteed in from 3 to 6 days; no other treatment required, and without the nauseating results of dosing with Cubebs, Copaiba or Sandal-Wood. J. Ferré & Co., (successors to Brou), Pharmacien, Paris. At all druggists.

ap 2 1y sun

Bicycles. 1895.

If you ride, why not ride the best? We have them. The Victors, the Stearnes, the Crescents, for Ladies and Gentlemen.

These are the best Bicycles. For further information and catalogues, please call at

HEINSBERGER'S Live Book and Music Store.

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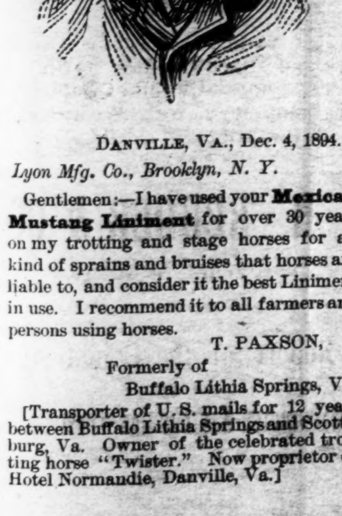


DANVILLE, VA., Dec. 4, 1894.

Lyon Mfg. Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—I have used your **Mexican Mustang Liniment** for over 30 years on my trotting and stage horses for all kind of sprains and bruises that horses are liable to, and consider it the best Liniment in use. I recommend it to all farmers and persons using horses.

T. PAXSON,
Formerly of
Buffalo Lithia Springs, Va.

[Transporter of U. S. mails for 12 years between Buffalo Lithia Springs and Scottsburg, Va. Owner of the celebrated trotting horse "Twister." Now proprietor of Hotel Normandie, Danville, Va.]

TYPHOON IN MANILLA

APPROACH OF THE TERRIBLE WIND AND EFFECTS OF ITS VISIT.

The Inhabitants Are Warned by Signals and Have Ample Time For Preparation. Breaks Up With Deadly Squalls and Closes In Devastating Floods.

Early in the eventful week warnings came from our excellent observatory that trouble was brewing down on the Pacific to the south and east, and about Friday the No. 1 typhoon signal was displayed. The news respecting the storm was indefinite, but the villain was supposed to be moving northwest, headed directly for us. Saturday up went signal No. 2, and in the afternoon No. 3, and in the evening No. 4. Still everything was calm and peaceful, and Sunday morning dawned pleasant but for the exception of a haze. Early in the forenoon up went signal No. 5, which is only three from the worst one that can be put up—No. 8, and now everybody began to get ready for the invisible monster. All the steamers and ships in the river put out extra cables, and the former got up steam. No craft of any kind were permitted to go out of the river, and the fleet of ships in the bay appeared to be putting out their spare anchors. Still everything was calm, but the haze thickened, and low sand clouds began to sail in from the China sea.

Just after we finished tiffin, at our little seaside house, our gaze was riveted on a native coming down the street, dressed in a black coat, with shirt hanging out beneath, in true Philippine custom, and wearing white trousers and a tall hat. He carried a sort of decorated cane, marched down the center of the street and gave utterance to solemn sentiments in a deep, musical voice. In short, he was the official crier to herald the coming typhoon, and as he marched along the bells in the old church rang out a wild, warning plea. The natives opposite us hastily began to sling ropes over the roofs of their light nipa shanties, and one of the English fellows who lives just back of us had already stretched good sized cables over the tall, sloping tin roof of his domicile. A sort of hush prevailed, and then sudden gusts began to blow in off the bay. The scud clouds increased and appeared to be in a terrible rush. The roar of the surf became louder and louder, and one after another of our oyster shell windows had to be shut. The typhoon was advancing slowly, but its course was sure.

Our 8 o'clock dinner passed, and now the wind began to howl. Before going to bed we moved out of our little parlor such valuables as might be most missed by being carried through the air, in case our roof came off, and went to bed amid a terrific din. Sleep was impossible. Our house trembled like a blushing bride before the altar, and for a triumphal exit—wedding march—the tin was suddenly ripped off our secondary rain shed roof like so much paper. Great pieces of tin were slapping around and up against the house and would have sawed a head or hand off had one attempted to poke itself outside. At 3:30 a. m. we took a look into the "sala." No glass would have stood the gusts that came pouncing in from the bay, but our oyster shells did not yield. The noise outside was deafening. The house hung together, and we were thankful that we were not off in the bay. The wind lulled in the early morning, and at 9 a. m. came some of the most terrible changes of wind, the deadliest squalls and most terrific blowings I ever felt. Down came all the wires in the main street; over went half a dozen nipas on one side of us; crack, bang, broke off some great venerable trees. The street was a mass of wreckage as far as we could see, and few signs of life were visible.

All the rest of the day the winds blew most fiercely, but we could see that the center of the typhoon was passing off to the northwest. I sallied out in the afternoon and managed to keep along behind the houses and reached the Luneta, where all the lamps bent their heads, with broken glass, and where the huge waves were flying far up into the air as they dashed against the sea wall. The clumps of fishing and bathing houses were battered in pieces, and those which weren't minus roofs and sides were washed up into the road as mere driftwood. The natives were out grabbing logs, while the fishermen's families were crouching behind a stone wall watching their wrecked "barns" and were sitting on their saucepans, furniture and babies to keep them from sailing skyward. The vessels out in the bay were throwing the surf high over their bows. One of them seemed to be ashore and her stern very near the breakers. A steamer had broken adrift and run into another, losing all her anchors and chain. But all things have an end, and at night the winds and rains subsided. The typhoon was wide in diameter, and so was not as destructive as the one in 1882.

After the typhoon came the floods, and the river overflowed and flooded all the adjacent low country. The water covered the road to the club to the depth of three feet, and two of my friends were nearly drowned by trying to drive when they should have rowed. The poor pony walked off into the field, in the darkness, by mistake, into eight feet of water and was drowned. The boys nearly got stuck inside the trap, but managed to save themselves. As it was, one had to rescue the other and has been since presented with a gold watch. C. was giving a dinner dance the next evening when word came that the festivities would be postponed till terra firma appeared. But the show is all over, and business, which has been paralyzed for a week, once more starts up.—Cor. Boston Transcript.

Natchez, Miss., was at first called Rosalie in honor of the Countess of Pontchartrain. Its name was changed to that of a tribe of local Indians.

Her Nerves Were Steady.

Miss Addie McDermott, whose home is in this city, but who has been teaching school in the northern part of Albany county, with a party composed of the Hon. Kirk Dyer, M. T. Bennett and Fred Berry of the Little Medicine, encountered a large bear near Mr. Dyer's ranch. Instead of being frightened Miss McDermott asked to take the first shot at the animal. This privilege was accorded her, and her nerves were so steady and her eye so true that she sent a bullet to a fatal point at the first shot. —Laramie (Wy.) Boomerang.

The Sunny Side.

Every one knows what a purifier the sun is and what a healthful influence it has. Why, during the war two men shot in precisely the same way would be brought into a hospital. One man placed on the southern side of the house would get well; the other on the northern side would die. Doctors all agreed that the sunny side was the healthier.—Philadelpiha Ledger.

California has one of the most remarkable timber belts in the world, embracing 4,125 square miles and containing 132,000,000,000 feet of lumber.

What is said to be a genuine bust of Herod, found in Palestine some years ago, has been bequeathed to the Hermitage gallery at St. Petersburg.

THINGS YOU CAN BUY.

A LIST OF ARTICLES NOT GENERALLY CONSIDERED MERCHANTABLE.

Time and Water For Sale In New York. Electricity and Power Are Daily Bought, and a View Has Value In Real Estate. People Who Sell Their Dead Bodies.

In New York, as in other great cities, where the fight for life is fiercest, there is a price for everything—even under certain conditions for the very air we breathe. Father Time himself is on sale. The Western Union Telegraph company has desks in the national observatory in Washington. Four minutes before noon the wires of the system all over the United States are cleared of business, and the instant the sun passes the seventy-fifth meridian electricity carries the news to every city. The time ball falls in New York at noon, in Chicago at 11 a. m., in Omaha at 10 a. m. and in San Francisco at 9 a. m., in simultaneous obedience to that single click from the instrument at Washington.

In all the large cities the Western Union has supplied business houses, banks and offices with electric clocks that respond obediently to the daily mandate. Each of these rents for $15 per year, and in New York alone over 8,000 have been put up. Last year's revenue to the telegraph company from the sale of time approximated $1,500,000.

Water is sold regularly to the ships in the harbor, and the "water boats," with big tanks on board, are familiar objects to all yachtsmen. Brooklynites will recall the discomfort incident to the breaking of a big main not long since, and the people of Newark cannot forget the annoyance and cost of their experience three years ago. The supply from the Passaic was like mud soup, and for the time being the owners of an artesian well in the Oranges did a large trade in water. The householders of Roseville and those even farther down town watched for the morning water carts more eagerly than ever a milkman was awaited and saw a sufficient quantity for the day provided before taking train for New York.

Ordinarily there is no sale for air; but, like water, when a man wants it he wants it "mighty bad." This for awhile was the case at Libby prison, where, before the prisoners organized a sort of government of their own, it was customary for the stronger men to get as near the windows as they dared and then sell their places to weaker comrades who were gasping for breath. Fire, of course, in the form of various combustibles is a recognized commodity.

One frequently hears of those who suffer from strange and incurable diseases and who make comfortable their last days by selling their bodies to the surgeons for dissection.

At church and other sorts of fairs kisses may sometimes be purchased, the tariff varying according to the purse of the kisser or the charms of the kissee. Reduced gentlewomen often derive revenue by chaperoning and introducing to good society the daughters of the newly rich. Invitations to select balls occasionally represent a large outlay, and it probably costs as much to get into the swell set as it does to gain a seat in congress. The social aspirant makes "presents," while the political is "assessed."

Relics, sacred, profane and ghastly, have their price. Autographs of famous people are always in demand, and a bit of the rope with which a murderer has been hanged is valued by gamblers and the superstitious. In Paris it is customary, once a year, to sell at auction the personal effects of those who have been executed, and this always attracts a large crowd of purchasers. Locks of hair from the heads of noted beauties or celebrated men are marketable.

Charms, including, of course, the rabbit's foot, dear to the African heart, bring revenue to their cunning devisers, and astrologers and fortune tellers have a clientele respectable in numbers. Lucky stones and madstones are prized by those who believe in their virtues.

Consumptives often pay for the privilege of drinking fresh blood as it pours from the necks of butchered animals at the slaughter house, hoping that the sanguine draft may stay the ravages of disease. The big hotels in New York and elsewhere derive some income from the sale of unspoiled scraps of food to the keepers of cheap restaurants, and thus the latter are able to serve their patrons with large bowls of stew at a maximum price of 10 cents.

On the east side of this city several people eke out a scanty living by writing letters for the illiterate. Even the four leaved clover may be turned into coin. A big business is done in selling electricity and steam power, while many a man in New York is paying a high price for sunlight. A "view" adds materially to the value of a house.—New York World.

Why Bulls Hate a Red Flag.

In the first place, says an English writer, red is a color to which cattle are unaccustomed, so that they may naturally be supposed to be startled by its very novelty. Scientists show the sensation of red to be the complement of that of green, being induced by exactly opposite affections of the retina.

If the eyes of cattle are constructed on a similar principle to our own, the continual contemplation of green, as in trees and herbage, must produce a state of retinal fatigue, predisposing a violent excitement of the retina immediately a red substance is presented to view.

Disraeli and Biggar.

When Disraeli first set eyes on Mr. Biggar in the house of commons, he said to his fidus Achates, "What is that?" "That, sir, is the honorable member for So-and-so." "Really!" replied the other. "I thought it was a leprechaun," which is a small but malignant species of Irish fairy.—San Francisco Argonaut.

A Question of Medical Ethics.

A question of medical ethics is raised in The Woman's Medical Journal of Cleveland by Dr. Anita Newcomb McGee. It is a well established principle in the American Medical association that "all practioners of medicine, their wives and their children, while under the paternal care, are entitled to the gratuitous services of any one or more of the faculty residing near them whose assistance may be desired." The question is whether women physicians benefit by the rule or whether it is ignored when the relative of a woman physician requires treatment by a medical man. Instances have come to Dr. McGee's knowledge in Washington where bills were sent to women physicians and paid, and she is of the opinion that "if this is a common experience it may be considered wise to maintain the principle of sexual equality in the profession by asking medical associations for an interpretation of this rule."

Cheerfulness.

A recipe for cheerfulness which Mrs. Edmund Gooss gives in a monthly is worth repeating: To two parts of unselfishness add as much fresh air as can easily be obtained. Stir in two hours of beauty sleep, a silver tongue (from the tip of which all spite has been removed) and an eye that looks out on the brighter side of life. Into this mixture throw a pinch of humor and a sprinkle of the essence of romance. And there you are.

A FORTUNE AT CARDS.

IT WAS WON BY JOHN SCOTT, THE "GENTLEMAN GAMBLER."

His Winnings at White's, In London, In the Last Century Exceeded $5,000,000. Though Illiterate, He Was a Man of the Most Precise Methods.

Of all the gentlemen gamblers of the close of the eighteenth century in England a single one is noted for the immensity and the regularity of his winnings. This was John Scott, who, beginning as a penniless captain, wound up his career as a millionaire general. On the subject of the campaigns he conducted history is silent, but contemporary London was full of talk of his marvelous luck with dice and cards, and the marital misfortunes of his later life gave more material for the gossips.

Writing to Richard Bentley, from Arlington street, on Feb. 25, 1755, Horace Walpole says:

"The great event is the catastrophe of Sir John Bland, who has flirted away his whole fortune at hazard. He t'other night exceeded what was lost by the late Duke of Bedford, having at one period of the night (though he recovered the greatest part of it) lost £32,000. The citizens put on their double channeled pumps and trudge to St. James street in expectation of seeing judgment on White's —— angels, with flaming swords, and devils flying away with diceboxes, like the prints in Sadler's hermits. Sir John lost this immense sum to a Captain Scott, who at present has nothing but a few debts and his commission."

Sir John Bland, to conclude here the history of that luckless dicer, shot himsel dead after losing the last of his fortune in Kippax park.

Captain John Scott was of that branch of the numerous Scott family of which Sir Walter was a member, and his ancestor in the thirteenth century was that famous chemist, Michael Scott, who won the name of Wizard. A later Scott distinguished himself in the time of Charles II by marrying, when he was himself only 14 years old, a lady who was three years his junior. The bride was Mary, countess of Buccleuch, in her own right the richest heiress in Scotland. The marriage was a secret one, and none of the friends and few of her family were informed of it until the day after. The youthful bridegroom did not profit greatly by this match, for his bride died at 13. Her sister Anne, who succeeded to her titles and estates, made a marriage with the pet son of Charles II, Monmouth, and had a numerous family.

It was 60 years later, or about 1750, that young John Scott, son of the Laird of Scot's Tarvet, entered King George's army. Two years later he was in London and in the midst of the most reckless set of spendthrifts, rakes and gamesters that English society has ever known. Sir John Bland was only one of a thousand rich young Englishmen who threw away his fortune over the gaming table at White's. The one historic loser of that era was Charles James Fox, Pitt's rival. Fox gambled away, all told, no less than $5,000,000. Scott was the very antipodes of Fox. When he died, at a ripe old age, he left a fortune as great as that with which Fox had begun, and every penny of it had been won at the gaming table. Fox was a ripe scholar. Scott was almost illiterate. Fox said that losing was the next greatest pleasure to winning. Scott never lost, or so rarely that it did not affect the serenity of his career as a winner. Fox would go home in the morning after a night in which he had gambled away £10,000 or £20,000 and immediately lose himself in a study of Sophocles or Æschylus. Scott, like the sensible fellow he was, would button his coat over the portemonnaie in which he carried away winnings of an equal or even greater amount and immediately go to bed so as to be fresh for play in the evening.

When Scott found himself in London, and amid the wild young men of his era, he determined that gaming was his only chance of getting money. When he engaged himself to throw a series of mains with Sir John Bland, he had, as Horace Walpole puts it, nothing "but a few debts and his commission." His shrewdness taught him that there was nothing in dicing, at which a stupid man has as good a chance as a bright one, and so he speedily gave up hazard and applied himself to whist, at which game heaven fights on the side of the skillful player. Never in the history of play did men gamble for such high stakes as Scott and his victims did at White's between 1753 and 1780. Scott's system was an exceedingly simple one. He gave himself the best of it in every possible way. He never went to the gaming table unless his head and his stomach were in the very best order. He never lost his composure or his good nature for an instant. He played a perfectly fair and honorable game, and at first he made it a rule never to play for more than a fixed sum, which he could afford to lose. He won so steadily that it wasn't long before he was prepared to risk any sum which even the wealthiest or the most reckless of his adversaries would venture to propose.

A story which illustrates capitally Scott's patience in the face of hard luck has been preserved. One night, while he was at the card table, news was brought to him that his wife, the first Mrs. Scott, had given birth to a girl.

"Ah," he said, "I shall have to double my stakes to make a fortune for this young lady."

But in a few hours he was £8,000 to the bad. Retaining his invariable serenity, he said he was sure of his luck returning, and at 7 a. m. he went home the winner of £15,000. That's the sort of play that went on at White's night after night during the years that John Scott was winning the largest fortune ever accumulated by a gentleman gambler.—Exchange.

Artificial Glaciers.

An excellent object lesson has been given by Herr Koch, the German physicist, who wishes to illustrate the formation of glaciers to his students. He took a square tray, having a sloping gutter, down which yellow pitch, resembling colophony, which, like ice, is plastic under pressure and brittle under tension, was allowed to flow, the gutter being first lined with very hot pitch so as to give the main flow a better hold on the sides. Transverse fissures, like the crevices in a glacier, appear in the middle of the stream, and smaller ones join them from the edges. Where the bed widens longitudinal crevices are produced.—London Times.

A Terrible Thought.

Grace—I don't know what I am going to do.

Ethel—Why, what is the matter?

Grace—Why, Mr. Feaser of Paris was talking very earnestly to me in French last night, and I didn't quite understand him, as he spoke so impetuously. I replied, "Oui, oui," several times. It has just occurred to me that perhaps he was proposing.—Pick Me Up.

A venerable Chinaman of Amoy has been engaged for 32 years in fashioning in miniature an elaborate pagoda of ivory and stone. It contains upward of 35,000 pieces, and when completed, which will be in about five years, will be sold for $300.

THE LATEST HAIRDRESSING.

Waves and a Part Are Indispensable and Side Combs a Growing Fad.

The present fashions in coiffures are so varied that almost any style is admissible, providing the hair is first waved in deep, soft waves all around the head and parted with great care down the front. The one point to be considered in making a selection from the various modes is the shape of the head and contour of the face. That one which is most becoming is most stylish, according to the methods of the Parisians, who first arrange their hair becomingly and then make it stylish by

EVENING COIFFURES.

wearing it so, remarks the New York Sun in preface to the following illustrated fashion in hairdressing:

The ideal coiffure is that which preserves a good outline of the head, with just so much ornament as will serve to best display the hair and bring out the beauty of the face. A woman with a large, prominent nose should never draw her hair tightly back into a knob half way between her neck and the crown of her head, and little women with short necks should never wear the hair low at the back. Any manner of hairdressing which hides the neck is not generally becoming except to young girls.

The modern fashion of parting the hair is an old one revived with the coming in of balloon sleeves and full skirts, and it gives such an old time appearance to some faces that there is a striking resemblance to the portraits of their great-grandmothers.

The fad for side combs of every description, jeweled and plain, is a growing one, and when they are worn close to the face to confine the bang at either side the wearer looks as if she had really stepped out of the picture. These little combs are worn by young and old. Tucked in anywhere, they are becoming or useful.

Tortoise shell, gold and jeweled combs which stand high at the back are in great demand—in fact, the coiffure is not quite finished without some ornament. Twists of pearls, flowers, feathers and aigrets are worn in the hair with evening dresses.

The Greek and empire styles of dressing the hair with Parisian modifications are much worn, and many adopt the 1830 style of full bandeaux over the ears. This is especially becoming to a pretty oval face which is exactly the right proportions.

One striking style of arranging the hair is in a bowknot at the top of the head,

BECOMING AND STYLISH.

with a high standing comb between the loops and two little soft twists in the middle below to give it a finish at the back.

Bangs are a thing of the past, but a few stray curls are always seen about the face. Waves and fluffiness are the principal elements of fashionable hairdressing, and the woman who would know the latest style must work out her own salvation, like her French sisters, and adopt the style which is most becoming.

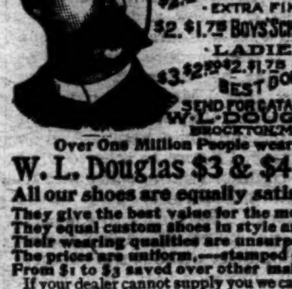
When the World Was a Cube.

To a person who reads modern books and modern literature in general, and who has never had either time, opportunity or inclination to strike off into the bypaths which were so frequently and industriously followed by ancient writers, thinkers and dreamers, the heading of this "note" will be an enigma. Without further speculation, however, and following the desire which should always be uppermost in every writer's mind—that of at once getting the subject itself before the reader—I will say that there was a time, centuries since, of course, when the learned men of the world really taught that the world was a square, not merely flat, but that it was a cube. The primitive geographers of Egypt, Assyria and China all taught that the world was a "square plane," evidence of which may be found on thousands of ancient monuments in the countries mentioned, as well as in their ancient manuscripts, upon their inscribed tablets of clay and other early literary remains.

One of the most curious discoveries ever made in Central America concerning Toltec belief, symbols, etc., is that they also had a similar idea concerning the form of what we now speak of as the "globe." A late writer on the discoveries made among the monumental ruins of that country says, "They (meaning the Peruvians, Toltecs and Quiches) believe the world to be a cube, suspended from the heavens by cords of gold fastened to each of its corners."—Exchange.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Caillouette, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at R. R. Bellamy's Drug Store.



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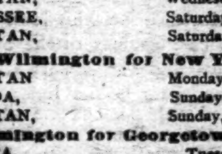

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CROATAN,	Wednesday,	March
YEMASSEE,	Saturday,	March 16
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Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN	Monday,	March 18
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CROATAN,	Sunday,	March 31

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FANITA,	Tuesday,	March 19

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Condensed Statement of the

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

At close of business March 5th, 1895.

RESOURCES.

Loans,		$490,520 21
Overdrafts,		77 16
U. S. 4 per cent bonds,		31,251 00
Banking House and fixtures,		14,600 00
Redemption Fund,		1,406 00
Due from other Banks,	143,105 81	
Cash on hand,	121,432 93	264,538 74
Total,		$802,392 11

LIABILITIES.

Capital,		$125,000 00
Surplus,	$30,000 00	
Undivided profits,	8,210 77	38,210 77
Circulation,		28,120 00
Deposits,		611,061 84
Total,		$802,392 11

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ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MARCH 3, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.30 A M No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.56 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 2.33 p m, Tarboro 2.48 p m, Weldon 3.43 p m, Petersburg 5.43 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.48 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.10 p m, Wilson 10.27 p m, Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 p m, Weldon 12.55 a m, Norfolk 10.25 a m, Petersburg 2.39 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.30 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 8.30 P M No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.48 p m, Chadbourn 5.15 p m, Marion 6.21 p m, Florence 7.00 p m, Atkin 8.09 p m, Sumter 8.36 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.18 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 11.13 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 12.00 noon, Tampa 5.30 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.30 P M No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadeldhia 12.03 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 9.50 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.58 a m, Tarboro 12.20 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.08 p m, Goldsboro 2.55 p m, Warsaw 3.49 p m, Magnolia 4.02 a m.

DAILY 10.00 a m No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.33 a m, Baltimore 2.13 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.11 p m, Petersburg 7.55 p m, †Norfolk 2.10 p m, Weldon 9.27 p m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.20 p m, arrive Wilson 11.03 p m, leave Wilson 6.35 a m, Goldsboro 7.20 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.29 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11.50 A m No. 56—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.30 a m, Sanford 1.50 a m, Jacksonville [illegible] p m, Savannah 12.00 night, Charleston [illegible] m, Columbia 5.30 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.10 p M, Denmark 4.37 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Atkins 7.04 a m, Florence 8.35 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.48 p m, Halifax 4.00 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11.00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 9.50; returning leaves Tarboro 4.50 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m. arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 5.00 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9.00 p m, 5.20 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9.30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10.25 a m and 11.45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6.05 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C. 8.00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.20 a m., connecting at Warsaw with main line trains.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Atkins at 9.40 a m and 6.30 p m, arrive Lucknow 11.10 a m and 8 p. m; returning leave Lucknow 6.45 a m and 4.20 p m; arrive Atkins 8.15 a m and 5.50 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dunbar 7.50 p m, Dillon 9.17 a m. Leave Dillon 6.15 p m, Dunbar 6.30 a m, Latta 6.31 p m, arrive Pee Dee 6.51 pm, daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 9.00 a m, arrive Conway at 1.45 p m, leave Conway 2.30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8.15 a m, 9.00 a m, 9.00 p m, arrive Darlington 8.55 a m, 9.35 a m, 9.15 p m, Hartsville 10.15 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.13 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m, leave Wadesboro 2.10 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Hartsville 4.30 a m, Darlington 6.05 p m, 4.30 p m, 5.25 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 5.31 p m, arrive Lane 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m. arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.35 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.03 p m, 11.03 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m, Smithfield 3.03 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m, 12.53 a m, Rowland 6.00 p m, leave Rowland 9.35 a m, Fayetteville 10.55 a m, 9.35 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 a m, Selma 12.32 a m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11.25 p m.

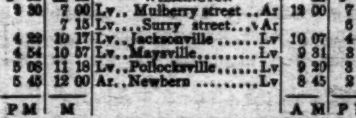
Trains on Charleston, Sumter and Northern Railroad leave Pregnall's 8.30 a m, Summerton 9.48 a m, Sumter 10.35 a m, Darlington 11.55 a m, Bennettsville 12.48 p m, arrive Hamlet 1.30 p m Returning leave Hamlet 2.10 p m, Bennettsville 3.00 p m, Darlington 3.52 p m, Sumter 5.11 p m, Summerton 5.58 p m, arrive Pregnall's 7.21 p m.

H. M. EMERSON,
Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. mar 3 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.



In Effect Sunday, Jan. 27, 1895.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND 4	NORTH BOUND 2	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND 1	SOUTH BOUND 3
P M	A M	—WILMINGTON—	M	P M
3 30	7 00	Lv.. Mulberry street ..Ar	12 00	7 00
	7 15	Lv....Surry street...Ar		6 50
4 22	10 17	Lv..Jacksonville Lv	10 07	4 30
4 54	10 57	Lv..Maysville..........Lv	9 31	3 20
5 08	11 18	Lv..Pollocksville......Lv	9 20	3 00
5 45	12 00	Ar..Newbern Lv	8 45	2 20
P M	M		A M	P M

Trains 1 and 4 make close connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Steamers on New River leave Jacksonville at 7.30 a m; returning leave Marine's 12 m, arriving at Jacksonville 3.00 p m, connecting with trains 4 and 3.

H. A. WHITING,
General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS,
Traffic Manager. jan 29 tf

Robert Portner Brewing Company's BOCK BEER.

IS NOW ON SALE!

Brewed from Bavarian Hops And Canadian Malt.

Well-Aged and Of Delicious Flavor.

march 5 tf

Wrapping Paper. If you wish to buy old newspapers, suitable for wrapping paper, or placing under carpets, almost at your own price, call at the STAR Office. Sept 28 tf

Cape Fear & [illegible]

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT FEB. 17, 1895

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1	MAIN LINE	NORTH BOUND
7 55 p. m	Ar...Wilmington...Lv	[illegible]
4 45 "	Lv...Fayetteville ...	[illegible]
4 38 "	Ar ..Fayetteville ...	[illegible]
4 28 "	Ar Fayetteville Junc	[illegible]
3 17 "	Lv.....Sanford	[illegible]
1 32 "	Lv......Climax,......	[illegible] p. m
1 01 "	Lv....Greensboro....	[illegible]
12 58 "	Ar....Greensboro....Lv	3 00 "
12 13 "	Lv....Stokesdale....Ar	3 55 "
11 45 a m	Lv...Walnut Cove...Ar	4 25 "
11 35 "	Ar..Walnut Cove...Lv	4 28 "
11 06 "	Lv....Rural Hall...Lv	5 01 "
9 45 "	Lv.....Mt Airy.....Ar	6 25 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 55 p m	Ar...Bennettsville...Lv	7 00 a. m.
6 20 "	Lv......Maxton.....Lv	8 07 "
5 40 "	Lv...Red Springs....Lv	8 46 "
4 59 "	Lv....Hope Mills....Lv	9 41 "
4 38 "	Lv....Fayetteville..Ar	10 05

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday No. 15 MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
5 40 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 50 a m.
4 00 "	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	8 35 "
3 05 "	Lv ...Greensboro..Ar	9 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Greensboro..................	9 35 a. m
Leave Stokesdale...................	10 55 "
Arrive Madison....................	11 15 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. MIXED. daily ex su.
Leave Madison.....................	12 25 p. m
Leave Stokesdale..................	1 27 "
Arrive Greensboro.................	2 38 "

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS.

Trains Nos. 2 and 4 make close connection at Fayetteville Junction with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East. Train No. 2 connects at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, North and South-bound, and at Greensboro with the Richmond & Danville Railroad, North and South-bound, and at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston-Salem. Train No 16 connects at Madison with Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and all points North and West.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS.

Train No. 1 makes close connection at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and all points North and West; and at Greensboro with the Richmond & Danville Railroad, North and South-bound, and at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line for all Points North and South, and at Fayetteville Junction with Atlantic Coast Line for Charleston, Jacksonville, and all Florida points. Train No. 3 connects at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South.

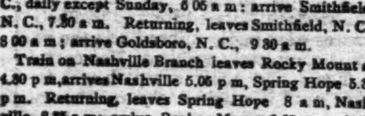
W. E. KYLE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. W. FRY,
Gen'l Manager.

feb 17 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

Carolina Central R. R.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

Wilmington, N. C. Jan. 20, 1895.	No 41 Daily	No 23 Daily	No403 Daily	
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	......
Leave Wilmington	3 20	7 30	......	......
		A. M.		
Leave Maxton	6 19	12 55	......	......
Arrive Hamlet	7 00	2 15	......	......
Leave Hamlet	7 05	3 00	7 54	......
Leave Wadesboro	7 55	4 20	8 26	......
Arrive Monroe	8 55	5 50	9 22	......
Leave Monroe	9 20	6 30	9 37	......
Arrive Charlotte	10 10	7 45	10 25	......
Leave Charlotte			10 35	......
Leave Lincolnton			11 47	......
			P. M.	......
Leave Shelby			12 42	......
Arr Rutherfordton			2 10	......

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	No.38 Daily	No.26 Daily	No402 Daily	
	A. M.	P M	P. M.	
Lve Rutherfordton	......	.....	4 25	
Leave Shelby	......	.....	5 58	
Leave Lincolnton	......	......	6 55	
Arrive Charlotte	......	......	8 20	
Leave Charlotte	5 50	8 50	8 20	
Arrive Monroe	6 30	10 45	9 0	
Leave Monroe	6 50	11 05	9 15	
Leave Wadesboro	7 48	12 25	9 54	
		A. M.		
Arrive Hamlet	8 40	1 40	10 34	
Leave Hamlet	8 45	2 15		
Leave Maxton	9 28	3 21		
	P. M.			
Arrive Wilmington	12 30	7 50		

Schedule Between Wilmington and Raleigh.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.30 p m
Arrive Raleigh	1.30 a m	11.05 a m
Leave Raleigh	5.18 a m	3.43 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12 30 p m	7.50 a m

Schedule between Wilmington and Atlanta.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.30 p m
Arrive Atlanta	5 20 a m	4 09 p m
Leave Atlanta	9.15 p m	1.00 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	7.50 a m

Sleepers on 25 and 26 between Wilmington and Charlotte.

Close connection at Athens by No. 25 for Macon, and close connection at Atlanta by Nos. 25 and 41 for Mobile, New Orleans, Nashville and all Southern, Western and Northwestern points.

Close connection by 25 and 41 for Augusta.

Nos. 403 and 402, "Atlanta Special," fast vestibule, daily for all points North, South and West.

Connections made at Lincolnton for Western N. C. points.

Junction Points—At Maxton with C F & Y V; at Wadesboro with Cheraw & Salisbury R R; at Hamlet with R & A, C S & N, and Palmetto Railway. at Monroe with G C & N; at Charlotte with R & D system; at Lincolnton with C & L Narrowgage, and at Shelby and Rutherfordton with the Three C's.

For information as to rates, schedules, &c, apply to THOS. D. MEARES, Agent S A L, Wilmington, N C.

V. E. McBEE, Supt, Trans.

E. St. JOHN, Vice-President.
JNO. H. WINDER, Gen'l Mrg.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt. jan 20 tf

PALMETTO RAILROAD CO

To Take Effect on Sept. 23, 1894.

MOVING NORTH.

No. 2—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Cheraw, S. C..........	6.30 a m
Leave Kollock Station.........	6.50 a. m
Leave Osborne, N. C..........	7.20 a. m
Arrive Hamlet, N. C..........	7.40 a. m

MOVING SOUTH.

No. 1—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Hamlet, N. C..........	8.40 a m
Arrive Osborne, N. C..........	9..00 a m
Leave Kollock Station......	9.30 a m
Arrive Cheraw, S.C..........	9.50 a m

Close connection made at Hamlet with trains North South, East and West.

sep 25 tf MONCURE, Supt.

CHOICE Seed Potatoes.

HOULTON

EARLY ROSE.

Red Rust Proof Oats.

COFFEE, SUGAR, FLOUR,

Meat, Salt,

MOLASSES, &c., &c.

WORTH & WORTH.

jan 17 tf

Cotton Mills

A SPECIALTY. THEIR ORGANIZATION Equipment and Construction arranged. Plans, specifications and Superintendence furnished for all kinds of Textile Mills. Mill sites and powers examined and reported upon.

ARTHUR F. GRAY,
Mill Architect and Engineer,
Exchange Building, 53 State St.,
jan 24 1m Boston, Mass.

[...] Star.

[...] N. C.

[...] 17, 1895

[...] YEARS AT HARD LABOR

Sentence of Teller Hamner, who Robbed the National Bank at Lynchburg, Va.

[By Tele]graph to the Morning Star.

[...], March 16.—Walker [...] teller of the First [...] of Lynchburg, who [...] of $25,000, was sentenced by [...] Paul, this morning, in the United States Court, to seven years at hard labor.

Promptly at ten o'clock the prisoner was brought in to Court, and in spite of the secrecy surrounding the proceedings the room was packed. Every seat was filled, and every available space was thronged with interested spectators. Hamner was seated just behind his counsel, Mr. N. C. Manson, and between his wife and daughter. Two of his sons were seated near him.

Judge Paul stated that it was a disagreeable duty for him to sentence the accused, but offences of a like character had become too frequent to go without severe punishment. Therefore, he would send the accused to the penitentiary for seven years at hard labor. Hammer will be sent to the penitentiary at Brooklyn? He will be removed there, probably, at the close of the criminal docket of the United States Court. He will not be permitted to testify in the trial of Robt. Pannill, charged with being in collusion with him to rob the bank.

COLOMBIA'S REVOLUTION.

Further Particulars of the Affair at Bocas Del Toro.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

MOBILE, ALA., March 16.—The *Register* to day received per steamer Jarhl the following letter from its correspondent at Bocas Del Toro:

BOCAS DEL TORO, March 1.—One man has died as a result of his injuries, and it is expected several more will die. The child and its mother, who were shot during the battle, are doing as well as can be expected. All the dead were buried yesterday afternoon. A small schooner belonging to the rebels was captured yesterday afternoon with seventy five Remington rifles and several thousand cartridges on board. The man in command of the schooner jumped overboard and swam to shore. The boat is anchored safely near the barracks. The rebels bringing so many extra rifles proves they had an idea of gaining reinforcements on their arrival in Bocas. For some unknown reason their forces did not join them, hence their defeat. The prisoners have their feet in stocks, and are confined in the barracks.

The steamer Premier arrived this afternoon from Colon, but brought no soldiers. The most of the men who made the attack are from Colombia. It is supposed they were a band of professional thieves, bent on pillage and plunder, under command of Garza.

SAN JOSE SCALE.

An Insect Pest which Has Caused Much Damage to Orchards.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The U. S. Commissioner of Agriculture and the State Board of Agriculture of Virginia and Prof. L. O. Howard, chief entomologist of the Agricultural Department met yesterday at Charlottesville, Va., to consult together as to the best means of stamping out the San Jose scale, which has caused so much damage to the orchards in that vicinity. The work will be undertaken at the expense of the State under appropriation made by the Legislature for that purpose. This scale is one of the most destructive of insects to fruit trees and has worked great injury within the past two years in the orchards of Maryland, New Jersey and Ohio.

SPOTS AND FUTURES

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 16.—The *Sun* says: Cotton advanced nineteen to twenty points, then reacted, and closed at a net advance of sixteen points, with sales of 194,000 bales. Liverpool advanced two and a half to three points for future delivery and 1-16d on the spot. New Orleans advanced thirteen points. The receipts there on Monday are estimated at 10,000 to 13,000 bales, against 4,750 last year. The receipts at the ports was 12,777 bales, against 6,717 last year. The Southern spot markets were steady to firm and 1-16@⅛c higher. Charleston declined ⅛c. June was one of the strongest months to-day. The stock market was reported more cheerful and broadening.

To-day's features: It was a big day in cotton and the bulls were the "Big Injuns" of the trade. That was a surprising business in Liverpool—the biggest of any Saturday in years, if indeed, it was ever equalled and besides, the Southern markets were stronger, and there was heavy buying for local, Wall Street, Southern and European account. John H Davis & Co, in their monthly circular just issued, take a very decided stand on the bull side of the situation. They say there is more tonic in the account, more hope in the hearts, more encouragement to make and to buy dry goods, more disposition to buy bonds; more faith in the outcome of 1895 Merchants are busier and collections are better Cotton has advanced, wheat is higher, bituminous coal trade in better shape than for years, the iron industry is improving in tone and price, the credit of the United States strengthened abroad. One firm said: "The trading seems at least to have acquired the swing and spirit characteristic of a bull market. Very little attention appears now to be paid to the large receipts Everybody knows that we may have a sharp reaction at any moment, but everybody also seems to feel that the general trend of cotton both here and in Liverpool is upward, and that the real danger now is in selling and not in buying it. August has taken the place of May as the favorite trading month. May has of late been subject to manipulation, to the great discomfort of those who were short on that month, and August is now more fairly representative of the quotations of the general list. To-day August rose to 6.23c, and closed at 6.19c."

Royal Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall Street, N. C.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

STATEMENTS IN REGARD TO THE ARMENIAN ATROCITIES.

Great Britain's Postal Telegraph—Newspapers Offices in Madrid Raided by Officers of the Spanish Army.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, March 16.—Mr. Hugh Everard Hoare, Radical member of Parliament for Cambridgeshire-west, and other anti-Turkish members in the Radical section, have recently been trying to obtain the publication of a collection of dispatches from Mr. Hallward, British Vice-Consul at Van, in regard to the Armenian atrocities. The Armenian association professes to have learned that Mr. Hallward dilates upon the Armenian horrors, not as incidents, but as evidence of the increase of their brutalizing influence upon the Armenians themselves. The Foreign Office has refused to cause the publication of the dispatches, on the ground that their publicity would prejudice the case already under investigation by the Armenian commission of inquiry. Mr. Hallward seems to have lent an ear to the Armenians, who, the correspondent of the *Telegraph* at Kars says, are "gifted with a faculty of exuberant lying far beyond any other people and are ready to invent sanguinary battles and blood-curdling measures to a degree of coherence and plausibility that would put Falstaff to blush."

The *Speaker's* correspondent at Constantinople has again come to the surface and reappears in the *Speaker* in a letter, in which he re asserts the statements of a "distinguished man, than whom nobody living has a closer knowledge of Armenia, and who has moral and intellectual qualities entitling him to implicit confidance." This is a preamble to a statement on the part of the "distinguished man" that the belief gains ground that the authorities in Constantinople have no serious intention to intervene in Armenia and that if persistent agitation fails the fate of the Armenians and all Christians in Turkey is sealed. The political bias of the letter is so obvious as to deprive the Armenians of whatever value the alleged facts regarding the situation have collected.

The long-suppressed scandal concerning the subsidies which newspaper proprietors draw from the Postal Department through the system of press telegraphy, has obtained a slight ventilation through the debate in the recent congress of the Chamber of Deputies.

MADRID, March 16.—The *Resumer* (newspaper), in an article on the Cuban insurrection, charged the junior officers of the army with a lack of enthusiasm and an indisposition to go to Cuba because of the danger to which they would be exposed. Resenting this imputation, a party of thirty-five officers raided the office of the paper last evening, smashing desks and otherwise damaging the office. The *Globe* commented severely upon this action and protested against their conduct, whereupon sixty officers visited the office of the *Globe* last night and made an attack upon the staff of that paper. In the *melee* the city editor and two subordinates were badly injured, and the office was completely wrecked. The crowd of officers and their sympathizers increased until it reached the number of 400, and all attempts to prevent their sacking the office were futile. The officers then went to the office of the *Heraldo*, but they were unable to gain entrance, and finally withdrew. Finally, they made another visit to the office of the *Resume*, but the Captain General, who in the meantime had been summoned, persuaded them to disperse. The military courts have already begun an inquiry into the affair.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND

Returned to Washington Yesterday with a Good Supply of Game.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—President Cleveland came back to Washington after his eleven days of recreation on the water. As he stepped down the gang plank from the Violet to the wharf he looked hale and hearty, and smiled broadly when somebody in the crowd shouted "bring out the ducks." There was a glow of health upon his cheeks which was not there when he left on March 5, the day after Congress had adjourned. It was just 4.15 when the Violet tied up to her wharf. About fifty people were there awaiting her arrival.

Enough game was brought back to send hampers of game to all the Cabinet officers in town, to Mr. Thurber and to the homes af the President's companions, and a splendid supply for the White House table. Most of the sport was had in Pamlico Sound and the President bagged a fair share. Mr. Cleveland is one of the best wing shots, the captain of the Violet says, he has ever seen.

The party had much bad weather but did not saffer any inconvenience.

Captain Donald decided to lay to off St. George's Island in the Potomac, about a hundred miles below Washington. At daybreak this morning the Violet resumed her journey, reaching the Indian head proving ground at 1.30 this afternoon. Its brief stop was made to send a message to Private Secretary Thurber and the Violet continued to Washingson without stopping again.

NEW ORLEANS.

The Situation Unchanged—Militia Still on Duty.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, March 16.—There is no change here. Everything is quiet. The Governor estimates that the cost of keeping out the militia to be between $1 000 and $1,200 per day. There being but $5,000 appropriated by the State during a whole year for the use of the military in actual service, this sum will be entirely exhausted within the next day or two. It will then become necessary for the business men of New Orleans and all others interested in maintaining law and order to subscribe to a fund to keep up the vigilance which has been so effective, at least temporarily, in restoring peace.

PECULIAR ACCIDENT.

A Young Lady Killed by Falling from a Bridge.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., March 16.—Miss Grace Coleman, a young lady of Eastlake, a suburb of this city, met with a peculiar death at that place last night. She was on the way toward college to take part in an entertainment. The night was dark and rainy, and a negro girl with a lantern was accompanying her. The college is but a short distance from her home. While crossing a bridge two wagons came along and stepping aside she fell from the bridge, striking on her head in the mud. The little negress screamed and assistance came at once. A physician was hastily summoned and found her to be dead and her neck broken. The fall was only six feet. She was a most lovable young woman and a post graduate of Eastlake Atheneum.

The Modern Way

Commends itself to the well informed, to do pleasantly and effectually what was formerly done in the crudest manner and disagreeably as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, headaches and fevers without unpleasant after effects, use the delightful liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs.

REV. DR. JOHN BROADUS.

Death of the Eminent Baptist Theologian at Louisville, Kentucky.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LOUISVILLE, KY., March 16.—Dr. John Broadus, the eminent theologian, died this morning, thus ending the career of one of the most notable men in the South. It was apparent for twenty-four hours that he could not long survive. During the past year his health had not been as good as usual, and in January he spent three weeks in Florida, and returned much improved. Just at this time the extreme cold weather reached this region, and as a result of the change from the mild climate in which he had been sojourning, Dr. Broadus contracted a severe cold. This developed into pleurisy and also affected his heart.

The remains will be interred to-morrow afternoon in Cave Hill Cemetery. The services will be held at the Walnut Street Baptist Church. Dr. Thomas, a member of the faculty of the Baptist College at Richmond will deliver the sermon. Rev. P. H. Henson, pastor of the First Baptist Church, Chicago, will participate as the representative of the North. Dr. E E. Eaton and Dr. Hemphill, of this city, will also deliver addresses. The Confederate Veterans' Association, of which Dr. Broadus, was a member, and the students of the Baptist Theological Seminary, of which he was President, 225 in number, will march to the grave in a body.

Dr. Broadus was born in Culpepper county, Va., January 24th, 1827, and was educated at the University of Virginia. He was a pastor at Charlottesville for a time. In 1858 he became Professor of New Testament interpretation in the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary.

A WATER-SPOUT.

Several Lives Lost and Property Damaged

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

GADSDEN, ALA., March 16.—News reached Gadsden of a water-spout some thirty miles above here this morning, near Coosa river. The facts are very meagre, but considerable damage was done and some lives lost. Coosa river at this point is rising now some three inches an hour, and river men predict that it will rise ten feet by morning. For three hours to-day rain fell in torrents, flooding the streets and washing away small bridges. The damage to farms is very heavy, and the farmers will lose thousands of dollars if the flood gets by their banks.

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

A Silver Service Presented Ex-Vice-President Winder by Officers and Employes.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, March 16.—Major John M. Winder, ex-Vice-President of the Seaboard Air-Line, and for twenty years one of the managers of the line, was to-day presened with a handsome silver service by the officers, engineers, and other employes of the Seaboard Air Line in recognition of his services to the road and the high esteem in which he is held. All the officials of the road were present at the ceremony. D. M. King, of Raleigh made the presentation on behalf of the engineers, and T. D. Meares, of Wilmington, on behalf of the other employes. Major Winder responded gracefully.

WARM WIRELETS.

A cablegram was received at the Navy Department yesterday stating that the Raleigh had left Colon for Carthagena.

A dispatch from Panama says: The *Star and Herald* learns from Buena Ventura that the Government troops, under Gen. Matues, have defeated the rebel forces, 3,000 strong, near Sotoa.

A telegram was received at the Navy Department announcing the arrival of the Chicago at Funchal on her way home from the European station. The arrival of the Mohican at Seattle, Washington, was also reported.

A Mobile dispatch says: The schooner Jennie B. Woods, which went ashore on Sand Island Thursday night in a fog, has bilged and is full of water and sand. She is being stripped and will probably prove a total loss.

The Executive Committee of the Southeastern Tariff Association in session at Richmond, adjourned after issuing a statement that in their opinion the public there had no reason to be dissatisfied with the schedule.

The Rev. D. A. Blackburn, of the Westminster Presbyterian Church, of Charleston, S. C., has been called to the pastorate of the Church of the Strangers, in New York city, to take charge March 24th.

The total visible supply of cotton is 4,701,228 bales, of which 4,382,028 are American. Receipts of cotton this week at all interior towns, 77,347 bales. Receipts from plantations, 97,497 bales. Crop in sight, 8,769,468 bales.

A sensation was created in Louisville, Ky., yesterday by a divorce suit begun by Mrs. Harry Gilmore. She charges drunkenness and abandonment. Mrs. Gilmore is a member of the Ward family and niece of Mrs. Sallie Ward Hunt, a famous beauty in her day.

The Populist Congressional Convention of the Tenth Georgia District met at Thompson yesterday, the home of Thomas E. Watson, and nominated him unanimously for Congress to make the race in the special election made necessary by the resignation of Congressman Black.

J. Matt. Aubrey, the son-in law of Chief Justice Fuller of the United States Supreme Court, has retained counsel to make a defence when the suit for divorce brought by his wife comes to trial. No cross bill will be filed, but the allegations of Mrs. Aubrey will not pass unchallenged.

The Woodmen of the World, a fraternal insurance order numbering 30,000 members, and having lodges in all the cities and larger towns of the United States, at its meeting now in session in Omaha, decided to hold its next annual meeting in Atlanta during the Cotton States and International Exposition.

The British steamship Elliott, Capt. McDonald, sailed yesterday from Savannah for Costa Rica for a cargo of fruit. The vessel is sent out by owners. She will bring fruit either to Mobile or New Orleans. No suspicion is attached to the Elliott's movements. She has been involved in a litigation with her former agents, which is the cause of her delay in sailing.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped, he should be promptly reported at this office.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

$75.00 a week paid to ladies and gents to sell the Rapid Dish Washer. Washes and dries them in two minutes without wetting the hands. No experience necessary; sells at sight; permanent position. Address P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 16, Columbus, Ohio. feb 6 6t

A CARD.

I have no apology to offer for this reply to the unwarranted and unjust attacks made upon me in the report of the committee of citizens which appeared in the STAR and *Messenger* of Sunday last. I desire as briefly as possible to state the true facts, and then so far as I am concerned the controversy will be at an end.

The first cause of complaint is, that I failed to meet the committee upon their arrival in Raleigh. I received no notification either from the chairman of the citizens' meeting or from its secretary, or from any member of the committee informing me of the committee's appointment or at what hour they would arrive. Judging from the Wilmington papers of Sunday, the 3rd inst., I had reason to believe that the committee intended to leave on Sunday at 3.20 in the afternoon, and would have arrived in Raleigh at one o'clock Monday morning. I did not retire until after the arrival of this expected train, upon which the committee did not come. And on Monday morning when going to breakfast at my usual hour I was informed by Mr. P. B. Manning that Mr. Stevenson and other members of the committee desired to see me in their room. Without waiting for breakfast, I immediately met the committee and placed myself at their service. I have since been informed that the Republicans here learning of the expected visit of the committee wired to their representative and to Judge Russell and these parties had a meeting of the Committee on Cities and Towns called to consider the Wilmington charter; this meeting was held at the unusual hour of nine o'clock and the Republican representatives and the Messrs. Chadbourn appeared before the committee. I was never a member of this Committee and when I, in company with the Citizens committee, went to the Capitol, it was first ascertained that the committee had met in special meeting and acted upon the Wilmington charter. In this connection I will state that the committee was composed of Democrats Populists and Republicans, and that the Wilmington bill was reported unanimously and favorably by the committee.

The report in Wilmington that the Populists and Republicans had fallen out, and that the Populists would absolutely refuse to vote for any amendments to city charters led to the citizens' meeting and the appointment of this committee, I will quote as briefly as possible from the report made by this committee:

"On arrival at Raleigh we found that we had been led to hope too much from the disagreement which was said to have divorced the Pops. from the Rads., but on the contrary, we found that they had agreed upon a division of the spoils, and the Democratic lamb had been parcelled out, wool and mutton, and Russell was absolute master of the situation.

"Judge Russell was there in his almightiness, and while we believe the result was a *foregone conclusion*, yet we think it was the duty of our Representative to represent Democratic principles, and with all the power of his moral, intellectual force oppose the amendments; but right here the proverbial 'watermillion' was dropped, as we will demonstrate while we unfold our tale.

"Though we found peace reigning supreme in the opposed battle camps, we were not disposed to give up the fight, but took council with the leaders of the Populists and were led to believe that they were in sympathy with us. They promised to make it the subject of a caucus and assured us that the defeat of the amendment would carry there; hence the notes of encouragement sent to the *Messenger* from time to time. We were informed on Wednesday night that the caucus had decided in favor, *but it seems that when it came to a vote the reverse was true*. Russell boasted that he had beaten Skinner in his own caucus."

The report of the committee itself is a sufficient answer to any charge that I have failed to discharge my duty. They say that they believe that "*the result was a foregone conclusion*," and further, that while they had been informed that "the Populist caucus had voted to defeat the amendments to the charter, that when it came to a vote in the Legislature the reverse was found to be true." How manifestly unjust and unfair are these criticisms upon my course, unless the committee nesired to make me a scapegoat for their failure to accomplish that for which they went.

The report might have been actuated by their difference of opinion with me as to my position on the Criminal Court, and this inference is justified by the following extract from their report:

"We have no doubt but that we could have defeated the amendment had we not been hampered by the complications arising from the position of our Democratic member on the Criminal Court bill."

When this is taken into consideration with the fact that the report of the citizen's committee was copied from the Wilmington papers into the Raleigh *News and Observer* upon a telegraphic request from Iredell Meares, Esq, who agreed to pay for its publication, there can be no doubt of its *animus*.

Objection is also raised to the fact that in the speech that I made against the amendments to the city charter, I referred to March Walker, colored, being upon the police force in this city.

My reference in regard to the policeman March Walker was made at the suggestion of members of this committee; and I gave the best reasons that I knew for his being upon the force.

Again, let me quote from the report of the committee. "In the meantime, your committee were busy trying to make friends for our side, and being reinforced by the presence of G. J Boney and B. F. Keith, felt the effect of increased vigor and again interviewed the leaders of the Pops. and had the promise that the matter should be reconsidered in caucus that night; but matters of more direct importance to them shelved our interest."

This statement in regard to the increased vigor felt by reason of the presence of Messrs. Boney and Keith does not conform with statements that have been made by one or more members of this committee, by whom it has been openly stated that if Mr. Boney had been in Raleigh earlier, they would have quit the committee and come home. And in this connection, I desire to refer to what Col. Harry Skinner (whom this committee thank for his services) said in the Populist caucus. Referring to the fight in this city, he stated that the Reformers "were Populists without the name." And the next morning Mr. Boney, the "vigorous reinforcement" to this committee, suggested to other members of this committee, that it was a good idea to work on the line of Skinner's speech; that is, that Reformers were the same as Populists without the name. I have been reliably informed that Mr. Boney also stated, as did other members of the committee, that they would make no further fight against the amendments to the city charter, provided they would strike out the amendment which continued the present city administration.

So far as the amendment continuing the present Board of Aldermen is concerned, around which the final fight centered, I state that I was then, and am now, in favor of their continuance.

For the first time in many years the Republicans in this city are united and the Democrats are split in twain by factional differences and internal dissensions. I felt that the Republicans would certainly carry the First and Fifth Wards, and it was extremely doubtful if the Democrats could be sufficiently harmonized in the Third and Fourth Wards to elect the nominees of the Democratic primaries. By the adoption of the amendment continuing the present city administration, a Democratic Mayor and a Democratic Board of Aldermen are assured facts, and the danger of Republican supremacy in this city is averted. This same course was pursued by the Legislature in 1879, and the amendment continuing the Mayor and Board of Aldermen is in the exact words of the act of 1879. Any person who will examine the acts of the Legislature and compare the several charters of the cities in the State which have been amended, will see that Wilmington has been liberally dealt with. The town of Goldsboro, which is situated in the county of Wayne, which county has two Democratic Representatives in the House, had its charter amended so as to re-gerrymander the town and put it in the hands of the Republicans.

I was always willing to do everything in my power to defeat the amendments to the city charter, but when I saw that it had been caucussed upon by Pops. and Republicans—and knowing what that meant, I was desirous, as hereinbefore stated, to continue the present administration. I asked for no quarter from any Republican or Populist in the Legislature, and I stood for the maintenance of Democratic principles, and any statement to the contrary is wilfully and maliciously false.

Respectfully,
HERBERT MCCLAMMY.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Services at Brooklyn Baptist Church to-day at 11 a m and 7.30 p m. Subject at night Sanctification.

St John's Church—Services to-day, third Sunday in Lent, by the Rector, at 7.45 and 11 a m, and 5 p m. Sunday school 3.30 p m.

Seamen's Bethel—The Naval Reserves will worship along with the sailors in port in the Bethel, at 3 p m to-day. Rev Robert Strange will preach, by invitation. J. Carmichael, chaplain.

St Paul's Church, Fourth and Orange streets, Rev F N Skinner Rector, third Sunday in Lent. Morning prayer and Holy Communion at 11 o'clock, evening service at 8 o'clock. Sunday School at 3.30 p m. During the week, service daily at 9 a m, except Wednesday at 5.30 p m. All seats free.

COLORED CHURCHES.

Rev L T Christmas, pastor Central Baptist Church, will occupy his pulpit today at 10 30 a m, 3 p m and 7.30 p m. Visitors, friends and strangers welcome.

The Rev Dr Rawlings, of the North Carolina *Presbyterian*, will preach at Chesnut Street Presbyterian church this morning at 11 o'clock. Sunday school at 3 p m. Christian Endeavor meeting at 7. All are invited.

Shiloh Baptist church, corner Walnut and McRae streets, P F Malloy, pastor. Sunday services as follows: Preaching 11 a m and 3 p m; Sunday school 12.30 p m; Endeavor Society 4.30 p m; preaching and baptizing 8 p m. Twenty happy converts will be baptised. Visitors and strangers welcome.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES FOR RENT OR SALE, LOST AND FOUND WANTS, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 10 cents per line each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance Fractions of lines counted as whole lines.

Notice.—For sale cheap—an Esty Organ—in use only a short time Apply at No. 807 Orange St. 1t

Two boarders wanted in a private family. Apply at No. 13 North Seventh street. 1t

I am selling one fourth of a pound of Smoking Tobacco for 5 cents Sugar, Coffee, Snuff, Crackers and Cakes sold at lowest prices. Best quality Flour, Molasses and Syrup always on hand. Neill McKinnon, wholesale and retail Grocer and Commission Merchant, No. 3 South Water street. mr 17 tf

Wanted.—Women and girls to work at home during spare time, day or evening, at touching up and finishing picture sent you by mail any distance. Talent not required. Something new. Send for particulars and work at once Bonine, Art Publisher, Tyrone, Pa. 1t*

M. Reinfeld, who has for twenty years been engaged in the manufacture of Looking Glass Plates can be found at Sneed & Co.'s Furniture House, No. 16 South Front street. He will make old looking glasses new, and put new silver on the back of old damaged glasses. Will remain in this city for a few days. 1t*

Turkeys and Geese just received from the country. I have a fine assortment of them that I will sell this morning at a bargain. Also Flour and tobacco at lowest prices. Neill McKinnon, wholesale and retail grocer and Commission Merchant, No. 3 South Water street. c21

Portrait work.—Fine Photographs $1 per dozen. Get my prices on copying, enlarging and viewing before placing your order. Mail orders for copying and enlarging receive prompt attention. A trial order solicited. First-class work guaranteed. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. Extra fine photographs a specialty. c21

John S. McEachern, 211 Market street, Deale in Grain, Hay and all kinds of Mixed Feed. Leave orders, or call us through Telephone 92. c21

Portner's Beer for purity, Portner's Beer fo quality, Portner's Beer for everybody, That's the tune they all sing—Portner's Beer for everybody. c21

Palmetto Brewing Co., of Charleston, S. C. Export, Rice and Lager Beer. Branch office No. 402 Nutt street; deliveries promptly made anywhere in city. F. Richter, Manager. c21

Spirittine Chemical Co., L. Hansen manager. Wood distillers and refiners; Mfrs of Spirittine Oil for wood and iron preservation; Spirittine Paint, Tar Oil, distilled Tar and the 3 Spirittine remedies. c51

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. c21

Old Newspapers.

YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWSPAPERS, in quantities to suit,

At Your Own Price,

At the STAR Office,

Suitable for WRAPPING PAPER, and Excellent for Placing Under Carets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

116 Market Street.

Watch Daily Bulletin on Our Windows.

We Set the Pace.

No combination of words in fine phrases can add force to the plain statement that we are selling many new and seasonable goods at Half Value.

48th ANNUAL

Spring Opening!

Thursday & Friday Evenings, 8 to 10 p. m.

Dress Goods,

Silks,

Wash Fabrics,

Kid Gloves,

Corsets,

Muslin Underwear,

Ladies' Capes,

Children's Reefer

Mattings,

Shades,

LACE CURTAINS,

Will be sold the trade at lower prices than ever before.

We have made great improvement for this Spring's business, and the results we are getting demonstrate to us how much our efforts are being appreciated.

Katz & Polvogt,

116 Market Street,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

100 Sewing Machines

At Auction!

To go to the Highest Bidder!

These Machines consist of the Singer, New Home and Wheeler & Wilson, and every standard make of Sewing Machine.

Machines can be inspected at No. 12 North Front street, formerly occupied by J. H. Weil, next to Kasprowicz & Gherken's Cigar store.

Auction Wednesday and Thursday, 10 to 12 a. m. Machines can be seen Tuesday morning, and will be sold at private sale previous to auction

Katz & Polvogt.

mch 17 tf

Oats.

1000 bu. Seed and Feed OATS.
50,000 lbs. SIDES.
1600 bbls. FLOUR.
73 bags COFFEE.
300 bbls. Molasses.

Also Cheese, Crackers, Soap and Matches, Soda, Baking Powder and Vinegar, Hay, Spirit Barrels & other goods, at

D. L. GORE'S.

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Geo. Mather's Sons Company,

Established 1816.

Printing Ink & Varnish Manufacturers

29 Rose St., N. Y

A complete line of these celebrated Inks can be had of the H. A. MURRILL, Wholesale Paper Dealer. 207 E. Trade street, CHARLOTTE N. C.

JNO. WILDER ATKINSON. WM. MAYO ATKINSON

ATKINSON & SON,

AGENTS

North Carolina Home Ins. Co.

WE OFFER TO THOSE WANTING

INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE

Policies in this Old and Reliable Home Institution. All losses promptly paid.

W. S. PRIMROSE, President,
CHARLES ROOT, Secretary,
PULASKI COWPER, Secretary.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

CLOSING OUT

The Entire Stock of

$20,000

Worth of

SHOES

To be Sold

At Cost.

All Goods Marked In Plain Figures.

The Entire Stock Must be Sold In 30 Days.

Men's Hand-sewed French Calf and vici Kid Shoes, Lace or Congress, Former Price $5.00, Cost $3.60

Men's hand-sewed French Calf Shoes, Lace or Congress, all styles toes, former price $4.00, cost $2.75.

Men's Hand-sewed French Calf Shoes, Lace or Congress, all styles toes, former price $3.00, cost $2.25.

Men's Fine Calf Shoes, former price $2.50, cost $1.75.

Men's fine Satin Calf Shoes, former price $2.00, cost $1.50.

Men's $1.50 Shoes, cost $1.10.

Men's $1.25 Shoes, cost 93c.

Ladies' Hand-Sewed Dongola Button Shoes, common sense Opera Toe and Patent Tip, former price $3, cost $2.20.

Ladies' Fine Dongola Button Shoe, common sense Opera Toe and Patent Tip, former price $2.50, cost $1.87

Ladies' Fine Dongola Button Shoe, common sense Opera Toe and Patent Tip, former price $2.00, cost $1.37.

Ladies' Fine Dongola Button Shoe, common sense Opera Toe and patent Tip, former price $1.50, cost $1.15.

Ladies' Fine Dongola Button Shoe, common sense Opera Toe and patent Tip, former price $1.25, cost 88c.

Misses' Dongola Patent Tip Spring Heel Button Shoes, former price $1.75, cost $1.25.

Misses' Dongola Patent Tip Spring Heel Button Shoes, former price $1,50. cost $1.10.

Misses' Dongola Patent Tip spring Heel Button Shoes, former price $1.25, cost 88c.

Misses' Patent Tip Spring Heel Button Shoes, former price $1.00, cost 65c.

Child's Dongola Spring Heel Button Shoes, Patent Tip, former price $1.25, cost 83c.

Child's Dongola Spring Heel Patent Tip Button Shoes, former price $1, cost 75c.

Child's Dongola Patent Tip spring Heel Button Shoes, former price 75c, cost 55c.

Child's Grain Spring Heel School Shoes, former price 75c, cost 55c.

Infant Shoes, former price 75c, cost 66c.

Infant Shoes, former price 50c, cost 35c.

Boys' Calf Shoes, Lace, former price $1.75, cost 1.37.

Boys' Calf Shoes, Lace, former price $1.50, cost 1.15.

Boys' Shoes, Lace, former price $1.25, cost one dollar.

Boys' Shoes, Lace, former price $1, cost 88c.

Ladies' Slippers at Cost.

Men's Low Shoes at Cost.

Now is your chance to secure a Bargain in Shoes. All Goods marked in plain figures. Any person wishing to purchase the entire Stock, fixtures and good will can do so by calling at the store.

A. Shrier,

108 Market Street.

arch 1 tf

Plant the Best.

Houlton Mains Early Rose Seed Potatoes. Order soon, as the quantity is limited.

Daily arrivals of Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Cakes, Crackers, Candies, &c. Write for samples and prices.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Nutt and Mulberry sts

mch 12 tf D&W

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Buttermilk Soap.

DON'T BE DECEIVED, but get the genuine. There are a number of so-called "Buttermilk" Soaps on the market, but not one of them is equal to the original. A fresh supply just received, 25c per box.

WRISLY'S CUCUMBER SOAP—The latest, 25c box.

Borated Talcum (fresh lot)—3 for 65 cents. Call an get a sample.

BROMO SELTZER (large quantity just received) 10c, 3 for 25c.; 25c., 3 for 65c.

ALBADENT, 25c.—Best liquid dentrifice to be had. Cleansing and refreshing.

HAZELOIN CREAM is "perfectly splendid" for chapped hands and lips, and for beautifying the complexion. 25c and 50c per bottle.

Bunting's Pharmacy,

Y. M. C. A. Building,

feb 28 tf Wilmington, N. C.

See the Lady's Foot.

Why does the lady show her foot?
The lady likes to show her foot.
Is the lady's foot so pretty?
Yes, the lady's foot is pretty, and the lady is proud of the fit of her shoe. She has on a pair of those neat, Nobby and pretty-fitting Shoes she bought of French & Sons.
Would you like your foot to look pretty?
Buy your shoes from

Geo. R. French & Sons.

108 North Front St., WILMINGTON, N. C.

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Seasonable Goods.

In store, and arriving daily, a choice selection of seasonable goods. We have on hand

RAISINS of every variety, from 8c to 25c per pound.
CITRON, from 15c to 25c per lb.
CURRENTS, all prices, all grades.
NUTS, all prices, all grades.

We would like to call special attention to our assortment of the above goods.

CHEESE—Switzer, Roquefort, Neufchetel, Framage de Bric, Edam, Pineapple, English Dairy and American Cream. All fresh and of finest quality.

Plum Pudding and Mince Meat.

Cakes and Crakers. A beautiful variety of all kinds, too great an assortment to specify. Will have to be seen to be appreciated.

The above are only a few of our specialties. Our assortment is complete and we invite all to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

With four wagons we can deliver promptly.

THE JOHN L. BOATWRIGHT CO.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Telephone No. 14. dec 9 tf

Retail Dealers.

It is to your advantage to call and see us or write for prices on

Tinware

Of every description

Paper and Twine, Bags,

Glassware,

Such as Lamps, Chimneys, Fancy ware, &c.

Crockery,

Woodenware,

Baskets, Washboards, Clothes Pins, Axehandles, Tubs, Buckets, Brooms Clothes Lines, &c.

CANDIES.

Largest variety of Penny Goods, Stick and Mixed Candies. Also Dry Goods, Shoes, Clothing, hats, notions, stationery, &c. We are leaders in low prices.

Yours to save,

J. H. REHDER & CO.

Next Fourth St. Bridge.

Car fare paid on all purchases over $2.00. Phone 118.

Report of the Condition OF THE Wilmington Savings and Trust Co., Wilmington, N. C., at the close of business March 5th, 1895.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$133,013 78
Stocks	2,187 50
Real estate	6,600 00
Furniture and fixtures	1,200 00
Cash on hand and due from Banks	19,683 54
	$162,634 82

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$25,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses & taxes paid	2,718 22
Deposits	134,916 60
	$162,634 82

J. S. WORTH, Cashier.

march 9 tf